

The Daily Mirror

THE MORNING JOURNAL WITH THE SECOND LARGEST SALE.

No. 696.

Registered at the G. P. O.
as a Newspaper.

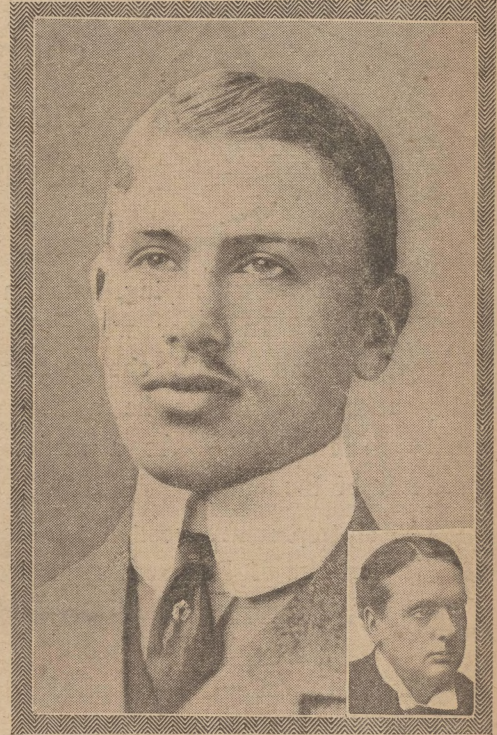
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1906.

One Halfpenny.

'MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S SON ELECTED—LORD ROSEBERY'S SON AT THE POLLS.'



Mr. Austen Chamberlain, late Chancellor of the Exchequer, was yesterday returned for East Worcestershire with a majority of 4,306—a large increase on his last majority of 2,594. Inset is a portrait of his father, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain.



Lord Dalmeny yesterday went to the polls at Midlothian as a Government candidate. Inset is a portrait of his father, Lord Rosebery.—(Elliott and Fry, and Hills and Saunders.)

FUTURE QUEEN OF SPAIN.



Princess Ena of Battenberg is now at Biarritz. The official announcement of her betrothal to the King of Spain is expected this week.

THE KING OF SPAIN AS A KNIGHT OF MONTESA.



With quaint old-world ceremonial the King of Spain has been invested with the robes of the Spanish Military Order of Montesa, which is the premier order of knighthood in Spain.



Dean Swift, in his shrewd, worldly-wise way, once wrote that to possess money you must "carry it in the head," which was another way of saying that the cultivation of the brain is essential to money-making as well as to progress and advancement of any kind. . . .

It is a common saying, when a person fails in a particular undertaking, that he "hasn't the head" for it. In other words, he doesn't "carry money in his head." In the same way, when a young man is old enough for launching upon a career, trade, or profession, the question inevitably arises, What has he a head for? And he will succeed or fail according to what he carries in his head. As a matter of fact, brains and gains generally go together; one is the producer of the other.

The all-important question is, How is money—or money-making material—to be got into the head? It was one of Rousseau's political axioms—afterwards adopted as one of the principles of the French Republican constitution—that all men are born equal; but as all men are not born with equal brains, the theory doesn't always work out satisfactorily in practice. But brain-power is after all largely a matter of cultivation. If it be plied with the good seed of a wise course of reading it will grow and become strong; if it be neglected it will be weak and inactive. The best of all ways to strengthen the brain—to put money into it, in fact—is to have in your home such a Library of books as will fill your mind with happy and useful thoughts, and such an ample knowledge as you can turn to good account in the battle of life.

This is just the kind of library that we offer you in the International Library of 20 big beautiful volumes. It has been got together by the greatest living book experts, and comprises the best of the best books of all ages and countries, from 4000 B.C. to the present 20th century. If you want money in your head, or in your children's heads, this is your opportunity—the opportunity of a lifetime.

Cut here.

The Manager,
"Lloyd's Weekly News,"
102-S, Salisbury Square,
London, E.C.

Please send me, gratis and post paid,
and without any obligation on my part,
your descriptive book as advertised in the
"Daily Mirror" of January 24.

Please write clearly.

Name.....

Address.....

Sent Carriage paid for 2/6 down

The ambitious man cannot do better than order in this splendid Library for the profit and pleasure of every member of the household. For the small sum of 2s. 6d. paid down, we deliver complete the 20 big volumes of the International Library in a handsome oak bookcase, carriage paid. There is nothing more to be paid until a whole month after you have had the books in your home to read and enjoy every day, you and all your family. Then you only have to pay 5s. a month until they are paid for. This does not take long. Suppose you buy a penny money-box and, every morning, drop 2d. into it, even if you have to forego cigarettes or some other luxury. You will not miss these pennies. But they will be laying up a foundation for better and brighter times.

A Booklet Gratis and Post Free.

We have a 120-page descriptive booklet telling about this library and containing some actual leaves from the books themselves showing the large, clear print, the superb paper, and the beautiful illustrations. This booklet is about the size of an ordinary sixpenny magazine. It is impossible to describe fully this wonderful collection of books in less space. We shall be glad to send you this descriptive booklet, gratis and post free. Send us your name and address on the coupon in the lower left-hand corner of this advertisement, or a postcard will do. It is important that you do this at once. In order to make possible the half-price on the International Library, we manufactured a larger quantity of books than has ever before been made at one time in the history of the World. But vast as this quantity was, the demand for libraries has been equally without precedent, and is rapidly overtaking the supply. When our edition is gone, the half-price will no longer be possible, therefore we urge you to send at once for the free booklet so that you may book your order before it is too late. The chances are that some day you will buy this great library; if you decide to do so now, you may have it at half-price and on payments that amount to only 2d. per day. But we do not wish you to buy without reading the descriptive booklet first, and that is why we invite you to send for it without delay.

MR. "AUSTEN'S" FAMOUS VICTORY.

How the News of His Triumph
Was Received at Highbury.

PROMISING SONS.

Lord Dalmeny's Battle at Mid-
lothian Yesterday.

THE POSITION AT A GLANCE.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|
| Number of Members | 670 |
| Already Elected | 523 |
| Still to Poll | 147 |
| Liberals Elected | 278 |
| Nationalists Elected | 81 |
| Labour Members Elected | 42 |
| Total Liberals and Allies Elected | 401 |
| Unionists Elected | 122 |
| Present Liberal and Allies' Majority | 279 |
| Liberal and Allies' Gains | 186 |
| Unionist Gains | 9 |

A footman ran down the drive at Highbury at half-past two yesterday afternoon waving his arm. "Mr. Austen is in," he cried. "Mr. Austen is in."

In a minute all the thirty gardeners on the estate were acquainted with the news, and before their cheer had died the echo of a double roar a mile away told that King's Heath and Moseley had heard as well.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain sat in his library with a proud smile on his face. Tidings of the victory had reached him by telephone, and the last anxiety of the 1906 election was over.

Had Mr. Austen lost the East Worcestershire seat, which he won in 1892, and has held uncontested since, his father would have been almost as grieved as though West Birmingham itself had turned traitor.

Few have forgotten the day—thirteen years ago—on which Mr. Joseph Chamberlain proudly introduced his son to an admiring Commons, and political history records the generous compliment

SONS OF FAMOUS POLITICIANS.



Mr. Herbert Gladstone,
son of the late Mr.
W. E. Gladstone.



Mr. C. P. Trevelyan,
son of Sir George
Trevelyan (Russell).

which Mr. Gladstone—himself the proud parent of "Herbert," another promising politician—paid to his former colleague when he said that the maiden speech delivered by "Mr. Austen" "must have gladdened a father's heart."

Although it was almost certain that the former Chancellor of the Exchequer would be returned, no one at Highbury dreamed that his 1892 majority of 2,504 would be increased. Mr. John Morgan's fight was a gallant one, and the changed electorate was largely composed of an unknown quantity.

But Birmingham's example was such a weighty one that the dog which ran about the constituency bearing on its back the words, "Chamberlain will win by 1,500," felt ashamed of itself for having been so modest.

The House of Commons now contains four promising sons of famous politicians. They are as follows:—

Mr. Herbert Gladstone, Home Secretary and son of Mr. W. E. Gladstone.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, formerly Chancellor of the Exchequer, and son of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain.

Mr. Winston Churchill, Under-Secretary for the Colonies and son of Lord Randolph Churchill.

Mr. C. P. Trevelyan, M.P. for the Elland Division of Yorkshire, and son of Sir George Otto Trevelyan.

To-day the four will in all probability become five, for Lord Dalmeny, the son and heir of the Earl of Rosebery, was yesterday fighting for Midlothian—once the seat held by Mr. Gladstone—against Mr. Frank Usher. As the last Liberal majority was 314, and Lord Dalmeny is such a popular candidate, he is almost certain to be returned.

Lord Rosebery has long expressed the conviction

that his son will one day be Premier, and he will be sadly disappointed if he loses his first election.

Lord Dalmeny, who is a very good platform speaker, and who was twenty-four a fortnight ago, has already won fame as an athlete and sportsman, for he has captained Surrey at cricket and Eton at football, and he has won several point-to-point races, and also hunted big game. Last spring he won a members' welter race at Rugby after falling three times.

He left the Grenadier Guards in order to stand for Parliament.

YESTERDAY'S RETURNS.

The most striking feature of yesterday's election results is the immense majority scored by Mr. Austen Chamberlain in East Worcestershire—4,306.

Elsewhere the Liberals captured further strongholds. Mr. Philip Morrell, by beating Sir R. T. Hermon-Hodge, the ex-Unionist representative for the Henley Division of Oxfordshire, becomes the first Liberal member for the constituency.

Other Unionist fortresses to fall before the Radical attack were South-East Essex, New Forest, and South Ross, each of which constituencies has been held uninterruptedly by a Unionist for over twenty years.

A piece of bad luck has befallen Mr. H. F. Compton, the ex-Unionist member for the New Forest. Returned for the first time only a few weeks since at a by-election, he has been rejected before he has had the opportunity of taking his seat. He thus shares misfortune with Mr. J. O. Andrews, who experienced a similar disappointment at Barkston Ash.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

| ANTRIM (MID.) | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Hon. R. T. O'Neill (U.) | 3,367 |
| Colonel Verschyle (Ind. U.) | 2,577 |
| U. majority, 790. | NO CHANGE. |
| CORNWALL (BODMIN). | |
| Hon. T. Agar-Robartes (L.) | 5,201 |
| H. B. Grylls (U.) | 4,029 |
| U. majority, 1,172. | LIBERAL GAIN. |
| DERBYSHIRE (NORTH). | |
| T. D. Bolton (L.) | 7,665 |
| J. Court (U.) | 7,896 |
| L. majority, 1,769. | NO CHANGE. |
| DEVON (TORQUAY). | |
| F. Hayland-Barratt (L.) | 4,856 |
| H. V. B. Lopes (U.) | 4,396 |
| L. majority, 460. | NO CHANGE. |
| ESSEX (HARWICH). | |
| A. Levy-Lever (L.) | 5,650 |
| H. K. Newton (U.) | 4,308 |
| L. majority, 1,342. | LIBERAL GAIN. |
| ESSEX (SOUTH-EAST). | |
| R. Whitehead (L.) | 9,230 |
| Captain J. R. B. Newman (U.) | 7,170 |
| L. majority, 2,060. | LIBERAL GAIN. |
| HANTS (NEW FOREST). | |
| Sir R. H. Hobart (L.) | 4,949 |
| H. F. Compton (U.) | 4,901 |
| L. majority, 48. | LIBERAL GAIN. |
| HEREFORDSHIRE (ROSS). | |
| Colonel Alan Gardner (L.) | 4,495 |
| Captain P. A. Clive (U.) | 4,185 |
| L. majority, 310. | LIBERAL GAIN. |
| LANCS (ORMSKIRK). | |
| Hon. Arthur Stanley (U.) | 6,307 |
| C. T. C. Dawbarn (L.) | 5,891 |
| U. majority, 2,416. | NO CHANGE. |
| MONMOUTHSHIRE (NORTH). | |
| R. McKenna (L.) | 7,730 |
| Rear-Admiral Sir C. Campbell (U.) | 3,155 |
| L. majority, 4,575. | NO CHANGE. |
| NORFOLK (EAST). | |
| R. J. Price (L.) | 5,631 |
| R. Boileau (U.) | 5,435 |
| L. majority, 2,196. | NO CHANGE. |
| OXFORDSHIRE (HENLEY). | |
| Philip Morrell (L.) | 4,593 |
| Sir R. T. Hermon-Hodge (U.) | 4,050 |
| L. majority, 512. | LIBERAL GAIN. |
| PEMBROKESHIRE. | |
| J. W. Phillips (L.) | 5,886 |
| Williams (U.) | 2,600 |
| L. majority, 3,286. | NO CHANGE. |
| SHROPSHIRE (LUDLOW). | |
| R. Hunt (U.) | 4,978 |
| F. Horne (L.) | 4,218 |
| U. majority, 790. | NO CHANGE. |
| SOMERSETSHIRE (FROME). | |
| J. Emmott Barlow (L.) | 6,297 |
| C. F. Foxcroft (U.) | 4,529 |
| L. majority, 1,745. | NO CHANGE. |
| STAFFS (HANDSWORTH). | |
| E. C. Meysey-Thompson (U.) | 13,407 |
| H. S. Leon (L.) | 8,636 |
| U. majority, 4,771. | NO CHANGE. |
| SURREY (KINGSTON). | |
| G. Cave, K.C. (U.) | 7,656 |
| R. Whyte (L.) | 6,637 |
| U. majority, 1,019. | NO CHANGE. |
| SUSSEX (LEVES). | |
| Sir H. Aubrey-Fletcher (U.) | 7,172 |
| Hector Morrison (L.) | 4,458 |
| U. majority, 1,714. | NO CHANGE. |
| WORCESTERSHIRE (EAST). | |
| Right Hon. Austen Chamberlain (U.) | 10,129 |
| J. Morgan (L.) | 5,763 |
| U. majority, 4,366. | NO CHANGE. |

(Continued on page 4.)

FRENCH REPRISALS.

Warships To Blockade the Venezuelan Coasts
in Ten Days' Time.

The Exchange Telegraph Company's New York correspondent cabled yesterday afternoon:—

"I am informed on the highest diplomatic authority that France will establish a blockade on the Venezuelan coast in ten days' time, the United States having received assurances that the Monroe doctrine will not be violated. It is understood Great Britain, Germany, and Italy are notified."

This message is confirmed by a dispatch from Washington, which states that a blockade of the Venezuelan coast is imminent.

Reuter's correspondent at Port of Spain says: "The French cruisers Desaix, Julien Gravier, and Troude have cleared ostensibly for a cruise. It is presumed here they are proceeding to La Guaira. The Venezuelan Foreign Minister, says Laffan, treats the Taiguy incident lightly, remarking that M. Taiguy allowed himself to be caught like a rat in a trap."

According to a telegram from Toulon to the "Temps," says Reuter, the work of repairing the decks of the cruisers Amiral Charner and Bruix has been suspended. Only indispensable repairs will be carried out, so that the vessels may, if necessary, be ready to proceed to sea in a fortnight.

BRAZIL'S NAVAL CALAMITY.

Latest Reports Reveal the Loss of 212 Lives and
the Rescue of Ninety-eight Persons.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Tuesday.—The total number of lives lost by the blowing up of the Aquidaban was 212. Ninety-eight were saved. The Government has decided that all the bodies found shall be brought to the capital and interred with national honours.

The Aquidaban blew up at 10.45 on Sunday night.

On board the Aquidaban the following were drowned:—Rear-Admirals Rodrigo D'Arcocha, Calheiros da Graca, Candido Brasil, and Captain Alves del Arros, as well as two commanders, two German photographers, and a reporter.

Nearly all the officers of the Aquidaban were killed or injured.—Reuter.

CAUCASIANS STILL IN REVOLT.

Rebels Seize a Black Sea Health Resort and Turn
to Looting and Burning.

There is more trouble in the Caucasus, says Reuter's St. Petersburg correspondent.

Special advices, dated the 20th inst., from Sochi, a small town and health resort on the Caucasian shore of the Black Sea, report that an armed rising has occurred there, and that troops have been dispatched and martial law declared.

The town has been in the hands of the insurgents for seven days, and the house of the district chief has been plundered and his papers burned. The "Novoe Vremya" was the only daily which appeared in St. Petersburg yesterday owing to the Red Sunday celebrations.

MISTAKEN FOR A MURDERER.

Journalist Handcuffed and Taken Away in a Cart
Amid Hoots and Threats of Peasants.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Tuesday.—A newspaper correspondent, who had been told off to investigate the murder of three persons at Violaines, near Bethune, had a singularly unpleasant experience to-day.

Finding in his possession a number of newspaper cuttings and manuscript notes relating to the crime, two gendarmes became convinced that they had hit on the criminal, and accordingly handcuffed him and conveyed him in a cart to Bethune. On the way he was hooted by the peasants, and threats to lynch him were freely made.

At Bethune he established his identity to the satisfaction of the magistrate, and was then released.

PRINCE TO VISIT THE MIKADO.

It has now been definitely decided, says the "Ochokoku," that the Prince and Princess of Wales will go to Tokio to visit the Mikado on leaving India.

FRANCE'S GIFT TO MISS ROOSEVELT.

PARIS, Tuesday.—The French Government has despatched, as a wedding present for Miss Alice Roosevelt, a splendid piece of Gobelin's tapestry, after the picture by Hermann, entitled, "The Manuscript."

The tapestry, which was selected by M. Rouvier, the Premier, about thirteen feet square.

KING ALFONSO AND PRINCESS ENA.

Royal Lovers To Meet This Week
at Biarritz.

TO SHARE A THRONE.

The eyes of the world—the world that has always loved a lover—will be directed with kindly interest towards Biarritz for the next few days.

It is here that the young King Alfonso of Spain is to meet his future bride, Princess Ena of Battenberg; and it is from this fair town that we shall probably hear the formal announcement that "his Most Catholic Majesty of Spain" has chosen one of our most popular princesses to share his throne.

Princess Ena, with her mother, Princess Henry of Battenberg, and her brother, Prince Alexander, is already at Biarritz, where, as guest of Princess Frederica of Hanover, she has attracted great attention, and has been received with much enthusiasm as one of the future queens of Europe.

To-day the lover-king, probably in company with Queen Isabella, will leave Madrid for San Sebastian, "where," to quote a laconic cable, "his Majesty intends to spend a few days."

Those few days will be full of moment, especially to the two young people chiefly concerned.

The young King will visit his future bride at Biarritz—probably at the house of Earl and Lady Dudley—and then the world will know what has been the outcome of a charming international romance.

VISIT TO HIS BRIDE.

In view of the impending visit to Biarritz of King Alfonso (says Reuter) a special police service will be organised by M. Paoli, of the Secret Service, who will arrive to-day. Several special detectives are already on duty. The postal authorities are making special arrangements in connection with the visit. Several representatives of Madrid papers and of illustrated journals are preparing for his Majesty's arrival.

Yesterday, curiously enough, was the name-day of King Alfonso, and it was celebrated at various places with enthusiasm.

At Algeciras, where the Moroccan Conference is being held, a special salute was fired, and one significant fact was that a British warship sailed into the port in the morning and exchanged salutes with the shore batteries.

The engagement of Princess Ena to King Alfonso will unquestionably be greeted with great enthusiasm in this country and in Spain, and it is understood that the Princess's quiet reception into the Roman Catholic Church has already been arranged.

"GOD'S PLACE FOR POOR PEOPLE."

Canada's Generous Offer to England Through the
Salvation Army.

Commissioner Coombs, chief officer of the Salvation Army in Canada, who arrived in London yesterday, states that during the next twelve months at least 10,000 settlers will be sent to Canada by the Salvation Army.

The Canadian Government has already offered 250,000 acres for cultivation, and he is assured that if required a million acres would be available.

"Canada is God's place for poor people," he said. "It is a case of a daughter helping her mother."

There were 178,000 farmers in Ontario who could each find work for another man, and in the North-West the demand for labour was greatly in excess of the supply.

For the success of the emigration scheme, what they wanted was more Mr. George Herrings to put down capital settlers will be sent to Canada by the Salvation Army.

The first of the emigrants will leave in the liner Kensington in March.

MIDNIGHT TELEGRAMS.

There was no improvement in the condition of Sir Edward Thornton last night.

A French officer, says Reuter, has, it is rumoured, been murdered by natives in the Niger region.

The largest consignment of gold ever brought from West Africa was landed at Plymouth yesterday. The specie is valued at £66,634.

To forestall the difficulties that were to be raised at Prince Arsenie Karageorgievich's entry into the Serbian army the Prince has accepted the Tsar's offer of the colonelcy of the 1st Regiment of Cos-tacks.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Our special weather forecast for to-day is:—Calm and light, variable breezes; continuing frosty and foggy inland; bright on the coasts.

Lighting-up time, 5.32 p.m.
Sea passages will be smooth.

TUNNEL MYSTERY DEEPENS.

What Has Become of Mlle. Rochaid's Fur Cape?

UNCLE'S SEARCH.

Though Scotland Yard had to refuse to help to unravel the mystery, the investigation regarding the death of Mlle. Lillie Yolande Marie Rochaid, whose mutilated body was discovered in the Crick Tunnel, on the London and North-Western Railway, is being keenly pursued by the unfortunate girl's relatives.

Count Joseph Rochaid, the uncle of the dead girl, left Waterloo Station yesterday afternoon for Southampton, en route to Dinard, France. Meanwhile, the remains of Mlle. Rochaid will be kept at Southampton till six o'clock this evening, when they will be sent by boat to St. Malo, the funeral taking place in Dinard at ten o'clock to-morrow morning.

Count Rochaid is determined not to relax his efforts to solve the mystery of his niece's death until every possible line has been investigated. "I shall be back in England in a few days," he told the *Daily Mirror* yesterday. "I have already placed the case in the hands of a noted firm, used to criminal investigations, and no stone will be left unturned in the attempt to come to the true solution of the matter if it is possible."

Where Is the Cape?

"One of the first things I shall do on my arrival at Dinard will be to find out if my niece was wearing the fur cape which was bought for her at Christmas to be especially used by her for travelling purposes. It was a brown fur cape, reaching to her finger-tips, and lined with white fur, of that imitation of fur. It is practically certain that the girl had it on during her journey from home to school."

"The cape has not been found. Though I regard it as of the greatest importance as a clue in the case, the coroner told Father Hand, when he mentioned it, that if he (the Rev. Father) could not prove that Mlle. Rochaid was wearing the cape at the time she left Euston he would treat it as having no bearing on the case."

"It had, and has, every bearing on the case, and I must be fully satisfied on this point. I have telegraphed three times to my brother for this information, and though his first answer led me to believe that my niece wore the cape on her departure, the reply was slightly ambiguous. To the other messages I have had no answer, but I shall find out myself."

"Last night I called at Scotland Yard, but was informed that officials there could not be called into requisition since the affair took place outside the working bounds of the Metropolitan Police. The Metropolitan Police was called, but in that there were so many material witnesses in London that the Surrey Constabulary officially asked for the aid of Scotland Yard. It appears in this case, however, that the local police at the scene of the occurrence have not seen fit to ask for this much-needed aid."

Search for Clues.

"Instead of dealing with the French Embassy in London I shall visit the higher authorities in Paris to see what can be done. As yet I do not know whether or not the body will be re-examined by a competent medical tribunal of three or five physicians."

"This much is sure, that we have only started on the case. I have already made a start in clearing up the mystery. I am anxious to obtain at once certain information which I regard as relevant, and have already telegraphed to different people on the Continent to find out where they were and what they were doing on the fatal Thursday. Answers to these messages may tend to make me more satisfied. The next few days will show."

Count Rochaid is anxious to hear from anyone who saw his niece at either Waterloo or Euston Stations last Thursday, as their evidence might prove of great assistance. The excellent photograph of Mlle. Rochaid which appeared in the *Daily Mirror* yesterday will have enabled people to become familiar with her appearance.

ANOTHER MYSTERY.

At 10.20 yesterday morning a Buxton resident named Gordon was found by playaters lying in the six-footway in the tunnel near Dove Holes Station, on the Midland Railway.

He was terribly injured about the head and was bleeding profusely. When found he had a Buxton to Manchester ticket on him. He was conveyed on a stretcher to the Devonshire Hospital.

HOW TO PREVENT FLANNELETTE RISKS.

At an inquest at Poplar yesterday on a child whose death was due to burns whilst wearing flannelette, the coroner, Mr. Wynne Baxter, said that he was informed that when flannelette was dipped in a strong solution of borax, which would cost a penny, its inflammable property was counteracted.

PORK PIE LITIGANT.

Dramatic Revelations in the High Court by "Charlie's Aunt."

There was an atmosphere of pork pies in Mr. Justice Kennedy's court yesterday.

How far can a pork pie through its purveyor be made responsible for ptomaine illness suffered by its eater? That was the question the jury had to consider. Mrs. Mary Anne Lambert, of Wandsworth, was the plaintiff. Mr. Guest, of the Plough and Harrow, Newington Butts, the indirect purveyor.

Mr. W. Lambert, Mrs. Lambert's husband, made his way into the witness-box.

"My wife called for four pork pies," said Mr. Lambert. "But the barman brought only three; for one for me, one for Charlie Mitchell, and one for Mrs. Sweet."

"So there was none for Mrs. Lambert," said the Judge, amid tense silence.

Mr. Lambert described how a fourth pork pie—the pork pie—was discovered. The barman took it from a shelf.

After Mrs. Lambert had eaten half of the pork pie, Mrs. Sweet threw the other half on to the floor, Mr. Lambert continued.

Counsel: Who is Mrs. Sweet?

Mr. Lambert (gaily): That's Charlie's aunt.

She had the sensation, accompanied by prolonged laughter, which this announcement caused, died away when Charlie's aunt herself came hurrying—one might almost call it running—into the witness-box.

"The pie was black and nasty," she said. "Mrs. Lambert asked me to take a piece of it."

The Judge: Did you say, "take" or "taste"?

Charlie's Aunt: "Take." I didn't taste. I threw the piece on to the floor.

The case was adjourned.

THE KING'S GRAND-NIECE.

Birth of a Daughter to Prince and Princess Alexander of Teck at Esher.

The King yesterday learned that his niece, Princess Alexander of Teck, had given birth to a daughter at Esher that morning, and that the condition of the mother and infant princess was satisfactory.

Her Royal Highness, as Princess Alice of Albany, in 1904 married Prince Alexander, who did good service in South Africa.

The King spent a considerable time out of doors yesterday. In the morning his Majesty went about the grounds of Windsor Castle and in the afternoon with the Queen, and accompanied by Princess Victoria and the children of the Prince of Wales, he motored to Windsor Park.

His Majesty will leave Windsor on Monday for London. The Queen, Princess Victoria, and the children of the Prince of Wales will proceed to Sandringham on Saturday.

MISS MARIE AND HER "LAMB."

French Girl Attacked by a St. Bernard Dog Which She Says Terrified the Hotel Staff.

A French girl, a St. Bernard dog, and the manageress of the Davis Hotel, Brompton-square, were the chief elements in an interesting case decided yesterday in the Brompton County Court in favour of the French girl.

Her name was Marie Greeck, her manner was, in accordance with her nationality, charming; and she complained that the St. Bernard dog, the property of the manageress, had made a ferocious attack upon her.

Mlle. Greeck's case was that when she entered one of the rooms at the hotel named the dog, which she had known "ever since he was like a small lamb," sprang at her and bit her three times in the face. An illness followed.

The animal, added the French girl, was a constant source of fear and trembling to the guests at the hotel, and one often saw "a stampede of chambermaids, pages, and servants running to the rescue." Verdict of £15 with costs for the French girl.

FATEFUL THIRTEEN.

While taking part in a rabbit-shooting party near Purborough, Sussex, Edward Gardner was accidentally shot in the knee by his brother Morris. Blood-poisoning set in, and Gardner died. Witnesses at the inquest yesterday stated that the party numbered thirteen.

EAST LONDON RAILWAY SUFFERS.

Fewer passengers and a decrease in the receipts, due to trade depression and the electrification of the Metropolitan Line, was the gloomy report of Lord Claude Hamilton at yesterday's meeting of the East London Railway.

The electrification of their system might improve matters, but they would do well to study the experience of others in this direction before committing themselves.

GIGANTIC HATS.

Parisianes Set the Fashion for Towering Headgear.

OSTRICH FEATHER CRAZE

If the women of England follow the latest Parisian cress in millinery mere man will be completely dwarfed.

Composite plumes of brilliantly tinted ostrich feathers, some of them the best part of a yard in length, threaten to invade England in a very short time.

A number of large ostrich feathers are worked together till they form a long plume capable of winding completely round a large hat and then hanging over the edge and down the neck. And the chief alternative to this is to wear a hat about a foot and a half in height.

Of course, London ladies are not obliged to go to this extreme, but since Paris sets the fashion London will surely follow.

Englishwomen Love Large Hats.

Society ladies on this side of the Channel are already greatly favouring plumes de coqs, which tower to a height of quite eighteen inches. They are fastened in front with a big chou of mixed coloured ribbons, and are allowed to fall gracefully on the hair at the back.

"The hat itself is made of crinoline straw," said a leading West End milliner to the *Daily Mirror* yesterday, "and it does not stand more than two inches from the forehead in front. At the back—well, the view is entirely of plumes, and a captivating coiffure. Gentlemen may not like to sit behind it, but they cannot help admiring the tout ensemble."

Large square buckles, covered in various shades of ribbon, are also the fashion. Of course there will be a great rush for the newest Paris creations directly they are sent over. Everyone is on the look out for them now."

CITY FATHERS IN CONCLAVE.

Petition Against Common Councillor That He Is Not "A Most Efficient and Discreet Man."

There was an unusual "special session" of the City Aldermen summoned to the Guildhall yesterday to consider the petition from certain inhabitants and householders of the Ward of Portsoken against the return, as Common Councillor, of Mr. Edwin Bell, who, they urged, was not a "most efficient and discreet man."

The petition stated that in consequence of certain conduct he was in 1903 removed from all the committees of the Court, and afterwards had to resign his position on the Council.

After much legal argument and a private conference with the Recorder by the aldermen, the Recorder, on behalf of the Court, dismissed the petition, but added "That the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen cannot refrain from expressing their regret that the electors should have returned a gentleman who has several times by previous Courts of Common Council been declared to be a person unfitted to sit upon their committees."

SEASON FOR SAFE WATERCRESS.

Present Market Supplies May Be Eaten Without the Slightest Fear of Infection.

To the many people who would like to eat watercress, but shun it altogether through fear of infection, it will be good news that in late winter and early spring there is not the slightest risk.

A well-known authority on London's green food supply stated yesterday that the dark green or purple tinted watercress, which is now to be obtained, is grown in pure spring water beds, and may be eaten with the utmost impunity. The evil reputation which cress answering this description was given in a recent article, based on the annual report of the medical officer of health for London, was apparently quite undeserved.

It is the bright green, large and long, spindly watercress that is the usual product of sewage-polluted streams and beds, and which should be carefully avoided. This polluted cress only comes upon the market in the summer and autumn months.

It does not, however, follow that all green cress in the summer and autumn is polluted, as good clean cress is then a good green colour, but is not large and spindly.

GIRL-SLEEPWALKER'S TERRIBLE FALL.

The perils of somnambulism have been forcibly illustrated by a terrible accident which befell Miss Beatrice Goldsack early yesterday morning.

Whilst walking in her sleep in a house in King William-street, Strand, she fell through a fourth-floor window and was found on the pavement, suffering from injuries from which, at Charing Cross Hospital, she is not expected to recover.

SPLENDOURS OF "NERO."

Gorgeous Dresses That Will Be Worn in Mr. Tree's New Production.

Vivid ideas of the pomp and display of ancient Rome will be given by the resplendent costumes and draperies that will be worn in "Nero," a dress rehearsal of which for the Press only is to be given at His Majesty's Theatre to-day, previously to the first public performance to-morrow.

In one scene Mrs. Tree, as Agrippina, Nero's mother, will wear cloth of silver, embroidered with copper round the hem, set off with heavy lattice work of pearl and amber. She will have a silver cloak hanging from the shoulders. Another robe will be of graduated red, advancing from crimson to blood-red, and heavily jewelled. Perhaps the loveliest will be a robe of deep purple and gold mixture with heavy embroidering of golden pomegranates and green leaves.

Miss Collier, as Poppoea, will first appear in graduated blue flowing from sapphire to turquoise; then in silver; next in two shades of orange, embroidered with flame colour and gold; and, lastly, in draperies of pink and buff, embroidered in gold.

The most splendid figure will be Nero, Mr. Beerbohm Tree. As a charioteer he will be seen in a green tunic embroidered with gold; he will change into a tunic of gold gauze, embroidered with golden jewels, and a toga of gold and silver embroidery, later into a mustard-coloured tunic; and, lastly, in a long, gold robe with sumptuous black velvet toga trimmed with flame velvet embroidered with gold jewels.

STREET-VENDOR'S LIFE OF EASE.

Alderman's Candid Comments on the Profitable "Untaxed" Business of the Hawker.

Alderman Crosby, dealing with an obstruction case at the City Summons Court yesterday, expressed his candid opinion of some of the humble traders who ply with barrows in the City.

"They have," he said, "shops on wheels, pay no rates or taxes, and live in the public-house, whilst these men—employed to mind the barrows—do their work for them. It must be a very profitable business."

To one of the "minders," charged with drunkenness, who pleaded lack of work, the Alderman said:

"The same old cry. Do you think anyone would employ me if I got drunk or fell into the hands of the police? I have enough to do to get food and clothes, but you seem to have enough to get other things."

COAL CONTRACTOR'S DILEMMA.

Unsuccessful Libel Action Based on a Letter to the West Ham Guardians.

Basing his action upon a letter to the West Ham Guardians, Mr. E. Bond, of Leyton, in the King's Bench yesterday, unsuccessfully sought damages from the Digby Colliery Company for an alleged libel.

The company, he said, had misrepresented his financial position in informing the guardians why they had not given him the coals he had contracted to supply to the board.

A counter-claim was brought, based on a statement by Mr. Bond that the company had declined to supply him in order to compel him to procure his coals through the Whitwell Company, a firm of "factories," as he had previously done.

A verdict was given for the company on the claim, and the counter-claim was withdrawn.

JUDGE AND "UNIVERSAL PROVIDER."

Prompt "Order" for Defendant Equally Expert at Building Steeple and Sinking Wells.

"What are you, sir?" asked a solicitor of a short, stout man who hurried into the defendants' box at Clerkenwell County Court yesterday.

Defendant: I do anything, from building a steeple to sinking a well.—Indeed!

"Yes, and I can make a good job of either. Give me an order."

Judge: Yes. Fourteen days.

Best Binding Covers

— FOR —

HARMSWORTH SELF-EDUCATOR

Cloth - - - - 1/-
Half-Morocco - - - 2/6

SHOULD INQUESTS BE ABOLISHED?

Coroner's Striking Views on the
Need for Reform.

"MUDDLING SYSTEM."

The futility of a coroner's inquest to elucidate the facts of the Redhill Tunnel mystery, and the dissatisfaction that prevails over the inquiries instituted in the recent railway tragedy near Rugby, have brought the question of the inadequacy of the coroner's court strongly before the public.

Such a well-known authority as Mr. J. Troutbeck, the Westminster coroner, has been the first to admit the pressing necessity of reorganising the present system of holding inquests. In an interview yesterday he gave the *Daily Mirror* his views on the subject.

"The first reform that I would advocate," said Mr. Troutbeck, "is the institution of a school of forensic medicine. The coroner should in all cases be a legal man, thoroughly versed in the taking and sifting of evidence, and he should always have for his aid a skilled pathologist. In this circumstance alone we are greatly behind Scotland and the Continent generally.

"At an inquest the legal and medical evidence should be thoroughly divided, each branch being dealt with by an expert. Any coroner whatever who begins to employ skilled pathologists will find that he is compelled, by the nature of his discoveries, to make use of them to a much greater extent than at first he would have believed.

NO ORGANISATION.

"At the present time there is no general mode of procedure, and although it is true that all the facts and evidence elicited at an inquest are pigeon-holed, the invaluable aid that such information might prove at future times is entirely nullified by the fact that there is no registrar or other official to tabulate or index the facts.

"There is, in fact, no organisation whatever about the coroner's work. The coroner has to work without the aid of chemical or bacteriological laboratories, with no microscopic facilities, no museum nor apparatus of any kind.

"The foundation of a museum such as exists in every great hospital for the preservation of specimens discovered in the course of inquests would prove an invaluable help.

"Until the institution of a medico-legal school for the holding of inquests upon scientific and reasonable lines the present state of muddle must exist.

THOUSANDS WASTED.

"Again, there are thousands of unnecessary inquests held every year. Fifty per cent. of the cases that come before a coroner's notice have no medical history, and in many of such cases a post-mortem examination would produce a perfectly satisfactory report, and no inquest would be necessary; but under existing rules no post-mortem examination can take place until the warrant for an inquest has been issued. As each inquest costs between £2 and £4, the saving in money alone would amount to many thousands a year if a new order of things could be instituted.

"Independent medical evidence is a thing that should be insisted upon. An official pathologist with every facility that science can afford him must be appointed before we can hope to improve upon the present inadequate system."

Another legal authority expressed his opinion that the coroner's court should be abolished.

"A private inquiry held by a qualified police official would do far more to bring facts to light than the present muddling system, by which every scrap of evidence that is discovered is published to the whole world, and, in a case of crime, the only person to benefit is the criminal himself, who is thus posted every movement of the police, and enabled to make his plans to avoid detection."

BRITISH ORGAN-GRINDERS BARRED.

Crime for Our Countrymen To Parade Barred-Organs Popularised in England by Foreigners.

"I am greatly surprised," writes to the *Daily Mirror* one who was in the West Ham Police Court yesterday, "to find that certain British subjects were charged with playing an organ in High-street, East Ham, and, although they were discharged, were told that it was against the Act. What I should like to know is this: What is the difference between imported Italians, sweated by a padrone, to parade with these pianos and the British workman, lacking employment, endeavouring to collect money in the same way?"

"Why are not the foreigners prosecuted, and their offence against the Act not noticed? Is it a crime for a hard-pressed Britisher to play an organ when the hirelings of an

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

Dr. Bourne, the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, has delivered into a grammophone a message on the education question, which is to be repeated at meetings throughout the country.

Paraffin oil was yesterday reduced in price throughout London from eightpence to sevenpence a gallon.

To facilitate the work of the building inspectors, the London County Council purpose issuing passes to them containing their photographs.

For free distribution to Camberwell mothers the borough council has purchased a second set of 2,500 copies of Dr. Helen Sergeant's "Hints for Feeding Babies."

St. Pancras Borough Council have protested against the decision of the London County Council to rename "London-street," off Tottenham Court-road, "Londonderry-street."

Ballinasloe (Co. Galway) guardians have passed a resolution calling upon the Government to release Mr. Ward, convicted at Sligo for advising his countrymen not to join the British Army.

Against £8,500 lost in risks on the war the Merchants' Marine Insurance Company, stated the chairman at yesterday's meeting, hope to recover a considerable amount from Russia for the illegal sinking of a British steamer.

Certain property owners in the Strand threaten to seek an injunction against the Westminster Council if the intention to renubner their premises is persisted in.

Limerick Corporation yesterday defeated a resolution that the mayor and officers should not attend any function at which military bands played or the Union Jack appeared.

Spontaneous ignition of chlorate of potash lozenges in a box opened by Mr. Bartlett, of Dals-ton, caused him to be so severely burnt that he had to be taken to the hospital.

In spite of opposition by yachtmen and a section of the ratepayers, Torquay Corporation are proceeding with the scheme for the construction of a jetty in the harbour for sea-excursion traffic.

Folkstone fishermen bitterly complain that a tax of over £1 a barrel is levied on all English-caught fish entering Boulogne, while French-caught fish is landed at Folkstone for Billingsgate duty-free.

The British Endowment Company having transferred its business to the British Widows Insurance Company, made a successful application yesterday before Mr. Justice Warrington for the return of £20,000 out of court, that being the sum they originally deposited under the Insurance Companies Act.

PRINCESS ALEXANDER OF TECK.



An infant princess was yesterday born to Princess Alexander of Teck, a daughter of the Duchess of Albany, and a niece of the King.

Sir Daniel Dixon, M.P., was yesterday elected Lord Mayor of Belfast for the seventh time.

Permission to erect kiosks in Hampstead streets for the sale of newspapers, etc., has been refused by the borough council.

Less than a fortnight before his death Mr. G. J. Holyoake passed the last proofs of his "History of Co-operation," shortly to be published by Mr. T. Fisher Unwin.

London's sanitary "inspectorates" who have increased in number from four to about 100 in the past ten years, have formed an association, of which Miss Safford is honorary secretary.

A public meeting at Cork passed a resolution denying the right of the British Government to give employment to telegraph boys who, although of good character and physique, cannot find vacancies as postmen or sorters.

By the scheme for the reorganisation of the Royal Garrison Artillery, stated yesterday to have been approved by the Treasury, this force will be reduced by 1,300 men, detachments taking the place of whole companies in several fortresses.

Westminster Council is considering the question of widening Wardour-street by at least fifty feet throughout its entire length.

London Fire Brigade men have decided to form a branch of the trade union, known as the Municipal Employees' Association.

Maidstone Grammar School and Shrewsbury Town School have applied to the Army Council for permission to form cadet corps.

A large water-pipe burst in Ash-street Walworth, yesterday, sending a stream of water to a height of twenty feet over the front of a grocer's shop, which was flooded.

Baron Schroeder was awarded a silver medal for his exhibit of orchids at the Royal Horticultural Society's Show at Westminster yesterday, and the Dowager Lady Hillingdon received a medal for apples and pears.

With the aid of 200 living models and 1,000 feet of cinematograph records, Mr. Herbert Booth is illustrating a series of mission lectures every evening this week at the Loughborough Park Congregational Chapel at Brixton.

From Rhodesia fifty-six bales of cotton arrived in Liverpool yesterday, and the British South Africa Company state that a large consignment of this new product of the Empire's youngest Colony is now on its way to England.

THEATRES AND MUSIC-HALLS.

ADDELPHI.—Lessee and Manager, Otho Stuart; TO-DAY, at 2.15 and 8.15, A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM. Mat., Every Wed. and Sat., at 2.15. Box-office (Mr. Terry), open 10 to 10. Tel. 2645 Gerrard.

ALDWYCH THEATRE. Strand. Lessee and Manager, CHARLES FROHMAN. TO-DAY and TONIGHT, at 8 and 8, CHARLES FROHMAN presents THE THREE THIRDS IN BLUEBELL. Box-office open 10 to 10. Tel. 2315 Gerrard.

HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE.—Mr. TREE, TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), Jan. 25th, at 8, And Every Evening.

By Stephen Phillips.

FIRST MATINEE. Saturday, Jan. 27th. And Every following Wednesday and Saturday. Box Office (Mr. Watts), 10 to 7. No fees. Tel. 1777 Gert.

IMPERIAL. Mr. LEWIS WALLER. TO-DAY, at 2.30, and EVERY EVENING, at 8.15, THE HALLIBURTON. By Mr. R. Lother, adapted by Mr. N. Parker and S. Brinton. Mr. LEWIS WALLER. Miss EVELYN MILLARD. MATINEE EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, 2.30.

NEW ROYALTY THEATRE. Dean-street. Shaftesbury-avenue, W. THEATRE FRANCAISE. Director, Mr. Gaston Mayer. THIS DAY, at 2.15, and TONIGHT, at 8.15, LAST PERFORMANCES of M. de FERAUDY in LES AFFAIRES SONT LES AFFAIRES. TO-MORROW, at 8.15, First Appearance of Monsieur SILVAIN (Secrétaire de la Comédie Française), Monsieur PENOUX (de la Comédie Française), Madams SILVAIN (de la Comédie Française), in LE PÈRE LEBONNARD. Jan. 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, LE PÈRE LEBONNARD. Jan. 30, 31, LOUIS XI. Matinee, Saturday Next, at 2.30, LE PÈRE LEBONNARD. SPECIAL CLASSICAL MATINEE, Jan. 31, Molière's MISANTHROPE, preceded by a "Cantatrice sur l'Art de dire des Vers," given by M. Silvain.

ST. JAMES'S. AS YOU LIKE IT. TO-DAY, at 2.30, and TONIGHT, at 8.15, WILLIAM MULLISSON and LILLIAN BRATHWAITE. LAST FOUR NIGHTS. LAST 2 MATINEES, TO-DAY and SAT. NEXT, 2.30.

WALDORF THEATRE. Mr. CYRIL MAUDE. Lessee, the Messrs. Shubert. TO-NIGHT, and EVERY EVENING, at 8.9 o'clock, A New Comedy, entitled, THE SUPERIOR MISS PELLINDER. By Sidney Bowker, in which Mr. CYRIL MAUDE and Miss WINIFRED EMERY will appear. Preceded, at 8.30, by THE PARTIKLE PIET. By Max Maury, adapted by Edward Knoblauch, in which Mr. CYRIL MAUDE will appear. FIRST MATINEE, TO-DAY, and EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30. Box-office, 10 to 10. Telephone, 2630 Gerrard.

WYNDHAM'S. CHARLES WYNDHAM. Matinee, To-day, and Sat., at 3. Nightly, at 8.55. CAPTAIN DREW ON LEAVE, by H. H. Davies. Charles Wyndham, Miss Mary Terry, Miss Mary Moore. At 8.55, "The American Widow." Doors open 2.30 to 10.00, and SOUVENIR NIGHT, NEXT MONDAY.

ELEPHANT AND CASTLE THEATRE. DAILY, 7.30. Grand Comic Christmas Pantomime, ROBINSON CRUSOE. Popular Prices. Free Booking. MATINEES MON., WED., SAT., at 2. Children half-price.

COLISEUM. CHARIOT RACES. THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY, at 3, 6, and 9 p.m. At 3, 6, and 9 p.m. "THE CHARIOTERS." 12 Fiery Horses race at breakfast pace. At 3 and 9 p.m. "ALADDIN'S LAMP," introducing ED. GENE STRATTON, a new song, Miss MABEL LOVE, Miss MADGE TEMPLE, and Mr. RICHARD GREEN, Miss ALLICENT MARSDEN, etc. At 6 p.m. For young and old, "AN ARABIAN NIGHT." MAKE "MARIAM ANGOR," etc. Prices, 6d. to 2 guineas.

LONDON HIPPODROME. TWICE DAILY, at 2 and 8 p.m. "AMONG THE STARS," "FEBRUO GOROMORANTS," ANNETTE KILGERMANN, LEONARD GAUTIER, THE URSERMS, TCHERNOFF'S DOGS, BIOSCOPE, SISTERS IRMA, DELBOSSE BROS., COLE & LOISE OTTO, LUKA, SHIMA TROUPE, LAVAYER LEE, RINALDOS, MEZ-LETTIS, THE NOVELLO, THE ALBANY, THE LAF-UMIS, ALICE LORETTE, MARGUERITE DORIS, GENARO and THELO, THE PISCUITTI, etc.

AMUSEMENTS, CONCERTS, ETC.

OLYMPIA. GIGANTIC ATTRACTIONS. DARE DEVIL SCHREYER DIVES at 10 to 10 to-night. GREAT VOYAGE TO GIBRALTAR. Many other Great Acts. Splendid Bands. WINTER GARDENS. Café Chantant. THURSDAY MATINEE. PELOTA, and first appearance of Mademoiselle METEOR, Europe's Sensation. Canoeing Through Space. Thousands of Free Seats. INCLUSIVE ADMISSION 1s.

ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS. Argyl-st., W. Over 200 Performing Animals. Daily, 3 and 8 p.m. Seats 1s. to 5s. Children half-price to all parts. Box-office, 10 to 10. Tel. 4138 Gert.

SACCO. THE FAMOUS CONTINENTAL FASTING MAN (Largest Fast on Record), at the despatching post, and to supply those of limited means and servants by small weekly payments. For forms of application apply by letter, Free Teeth Association, 177, Westminster Bridge-road, London, S.E.

MASKELYNE AND DEVAUT'S MYSTERIES. Late MASKELYNE and COOKES, ST. GEORGE'S HALL, LANGHAM-PLACE, W.—Daily, at 3 and 8. MAR-THEATRE, new variety, in which Miss Mary Terry and brilliant programme. Reserved seats, 2s. to 6s.; balcony, 1s.; children half-price. Phone 1545 Mayfair.

POLYTECHNIC, REGENT-STREET. WEST'S ANIMATOGRAPH ENTERTAINMENT. OUR NAVY. TWICE DAILY, at 3 and 8. ENTRY OF H.R.H. PRINCE OF WALES into GUALIAR. Seats, 1s. to 5s. Bookings at Polytechnic and all agents. Children half-price.

WORLD'S FAIR, ROYAL AGRICULTURAL HALL, Islington. OPEN DAILY, at 1 o'clock, till Feb. 10. Circus, Menagerie, Aerial Shows, and other great attractions. Admission 6d.

DENTISTRY.

FREE Teeth. The Free Teeth Association has been formed to supply Teeth free to the deserving poor, and to supply those of limited means and servants by small weekly payments. For forms of application apply by letter, Free Teeth Association, 177, Westminster Bridge-road, London, S.E.

TEETH. A complete set, £1; single tooth, 2s. 6d. each; sets complete in four hours if required; American Crown and Bridge work; extractions, 1s.; painless, with gas, 6s. 6d.—The People's Teeth Association, 138, Strand, London, W.C.

DAILY MAIL

NOTICE TO READERS.

The Editorial, Advertising, and General Business Offices of the *Daily Mirror* are at
12, WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON, E.C.
TELEPHONES: 1210 and 5190 Holborn.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "Reflected," London.
PARIS OFFICE: 3, Place de la Madeleine.

Daily Mirror

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1906.

SERVING TWO MASTERS.

THE fact that thirty-nine members of the London County Council have been elected M.P.s raises in an urgent form the question whether one man's time is capable of being usefully divided up between two important public bodies.

Members of county councils all over the country have been returned to Parliament, but there is no other council which has the affairs of such a vast population as that of London to look after. Those interests demand close and careful attention on the part of every L.C. Councillor.

In the country it may not matter much whether the M.P.-Councillors attend meetings and serve on committees or not. The councillors who are not M.P.s can manage all the business sufficiently well. In London we have only 139 members to safeguard the interests of more than five millions of people. Take thirty-nine of them away and one of two results must follow.

Either some of London's interests will suffer, or the burden upon the remaining 100 members will be greater than they can bear.

Perhaps you think the M.P.-L.C.C.s will prefer their municipal to their legislative duties. If they do that their constituents ought to call them to order. Clearly they cannot discharge both sets of duties. The Council meets in the evenings. So does the House of Commons. L.C.C. committees do their work in the mornings. So do Parliamentary Committees.

The best plan would be to come to an understanding that no man shall sit on more than one public body. We want the very best of the energies of our M.P.s and county councillors and borough and district and parish councillors. We want their undivided attention.

The natural career for a public man would be to serve first on a local council, then on a county council, then in Parliament. That was the kind of training Mr. Chamberlain had. There is none better.

It cannot do a man any good to belong to several public bodies at once, and it does his constituents positive harm. He cannot possibly attend adequately to the business of them all. F.

FEAR OF THE FUTURE.

Have you ever known what fear of the future means? (Not fear of the after-death future, but of misfortunes during life.) Have you ever been struck by sudden panic as you wondered what might become of you and those you hold dear?

If you have ever been tempted by that brain-numbing, heart-freezing thought, you can sympathise with the poor woman who killed herself and her two children for no other reason (as her letter read at the inquest showed) than that she was afraid her husband's fortunes were declining and could not bear to face the possibility of being poor.

She would not even wait till she found out what it was like to be poor. If she had, the terrors haunting her would have faded into impalpable air. The bogies which seem so dreadful when they are a long way off, are nothing at all when we see them close to.

The best way to be happy is not to worry about the future. Lay plans, by all means, and secure your declining years from want. But refuse to let your mind be troubled by gloomy visions of possible catastrophe. The people who worry are the people who suffer most ill.

They not only suffer them when they come, but for long years beforehand in anticipation. If you have got to meet misfortune, meet it bravely. Don't sap your courage by thinking about it before it is there. E. B.

A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

An aim in life is the only fortune worth the finding; and it is not found in foreign lands, but in the heart itself.—R. L. Stevenson.

THIS MORNING'S GOSSIP.

AMONGST the most astonishing of election eccentricities has been the defeat yesterday of Mr. H. F. Compton for the New Forest Division of Hampshire. Only a few weeks ago he was chosen at the by-election necessitated by the departure of Lord Montagu of Beaulieu to the Upper House. What has he done in the interval to forfeit the confidence of the electors? Nothing. He has had no chance to do anything, since he has never sat in the House, nor made a single speech, nor expressed a single opinion to cause such a reversal in the verdict. Does not this show, once for all, how ill-founded are the judgments of voters, and how much mere mechanism may have to do with the result of an election?

The centenary of William Pitt's death was marked yesterday mainly by the publication of Mr. Charles Whibley's *Life of the great Commoner*. Those with a little historical imagination have been interested in following, in the papers that are old enough to quote their issues of 1806,

of Lords, and was astonished to see how ready he was to meet all the arguments advanced. "But surely, Mr. Fox, that might be met thus?" he said, and seemed ready to refute all the orators he heard.

Fox was indeed to learn how Mr. Pitt "met" arguments. "That little boy," Lady Holland, Fox's mother had said, "will be a thorn in Charles's side as long as he lives." And so, in fact, it happened. It has often been pointed out what an odd coincidence this was—that the second sons of Lord Holland and Lord Chatham, who were themselves second sons, should become rivals, as their fathers had been twenty years before them. And with what invincible spirit did Pitt fight the pitched battle! There was that scene in the House, for instance, in 1783, when, as Whibley said, "Pitt was so oppressed by a severe sickness as to be scarcely able to hold up his head."

"Fox," Whibley went on, "assailed him in a very able speech, in the midst of which Pitt was obliged, from actual sickness, to retire to the entry door called Solomon's Porch, behind the Speaker's

were the Ambassador's friends, and M. Paul Bourget placed on record his obligations to him by dedicating a book to his memory.

The son, who has become one of the most promising amongst the young artists of the moment, is in many ways very like the father—so people say who have known both. The public had a chance of judging of his talent when an exhibition of a few paintings and drawings was held at the Carfax Galleries not long ago. It was clear from this that Mr. Lytton gained his inspiration from the old painters—Leonardo seemed especially to have had an influence upon him. With this time and his devices he did not seem to have much to do. He is married, by the way, to a great-granddaughter of the famous Lord Byron, and a daughter of Mr. Wilfrid and Lady Anne Blunt.

THROUGH THE "MIRROR."

LABOUR AND THE ELECTION.

Being a reader constantly of your valuable paper, I cannot help being struck with the sense of fairness with which you allow letters to appear on all manner of subjects.

I am specially struck with Mr. Morrison's "Wail." I make bold to say 90 per cent. of his Conservative friends will disagree with his "dog in the manger" spirit respecting employer and employed. I think if there is anyone gone mad your correspondent is the man.

My own opinion is that the whole country has been awakened from a long sleep, and is determined not to walk in its sleep any more. Regent's-parade, North Finchley. AWAKE.

The majority of thinking people tremble to anticipate the results should the Labour Party become predominant.

The narrow and selfish limits of their policies are shown by their cramped and self-centred (so-called Socialist) leaders, who preach to them the doctrine of uniting together to obtain a maximum amount of wage for a minimum amount of labour, and of treating capital as a necessary evil, instead of the instrument by which we have founded our present greatness.

I contend that a Government of this description could only end in catastrophe, as their very selfishness would cause them to overlook the first and greatest business of rulers, viz., the welfare of pre-eminently the greatest nation in the world. Tufnell Park-road. V. ALEXANDER.

VOTES LOST THROUGH CARELESSNESS.

Your correspondent "Thes" is quite right when he says there have been many votes lost through the supineness of the parliamentary agents.

I also called at the candidate's committee rooms to ask if I and my two brothers possessed a vote or not, and found that our names were not on the register. I was told that we ought to have applied. One would have thought that three votes in one house were worth looking after. R. W. R. Beresford-road, Hornsey.

I have three sons entitled to votes under the Lodger Franchise Act. They all along have been under the impression that once on the register always on.

But on the day of election, to their great disappointment, they discovered that they had been taken off the register. No one from the Conservative side had called to give them notice that they should have their names renewed every year. Hence the loss of three votes. A. PITMAN. Friern-road, Dulwich.

THE QUEEN'S UNEMPLOYED FUND.

Can nothing be done to reuse up the committee to a sense of the pressing actual need of giving out immediate relief to the needy and starving? Why do not the subscribers demand an answer—or the return of their money?

I know several cases in Chelsea and some in Baywater where the subscribers are most respectable people, who, through no fault of their own, are brought to the verge of starvation.

Of what use is the putting down of names and the filling up of long sheets of useless questions, when it never means any good result?

If the subscribers had only given their money to the *Daily Mirror* fund the poor would have received immediate help. (Contest of Seafield).

Colville-square, Baywater.

IN MY GARDEN.

JANUARY 23.—Although spring still seems far away, the garden foretells many of its joys. Already a deep rose blush is spreading over the Alpine forest heather, and before many weeks have passed this beautiful heather will be in full bloom. This is an easily-grown plant, flourishing, as it does, in ordinary garden soil.

Daffodils peep up all over the garden and orchard. If one peers between the leaves of the earliest species, flower-buds are discernible.

Little white spikes have pierced the surface of the early tulip bed; the young green of wondrous anemones carpets many a patch of ground so lately bare and brown. E. F. T.

KING ALFONSO PREPARES HIMSELF TO WED AN ENGLISH BRIDE.



Now that the marriage between the young King of Spain and Princess Ena of Battenberg is on the point of being announced, there are rumours that his Majesty is breaking himself in to English habits.

the bulletins of Mr. Pitt's increasing sickness, the little notes, so eloquent to-day, about his journey to Bath in quest of health, and his return by slow stages with no health gained; then his sinking, little by little, and yesterday the news of his death.

Scarcely a more celebrated "death scene" exists in history. Pitt, with his "Austerlitz look," turning to die as the news came of his great foe's victory, and the few murmured words which nobody could quite catch: "How I leave my country!" they seemed to be. But though this scene is sufficiently memorable one recurs more willingly to the stories about his youth, to the evidence of his extraordinary precocity, so touching in the gravely clever little boy, or in the being, perhaps one ought to say, who, in Windham's phrase "never was a boy at all," but was born into a strange maturity of thought and character.

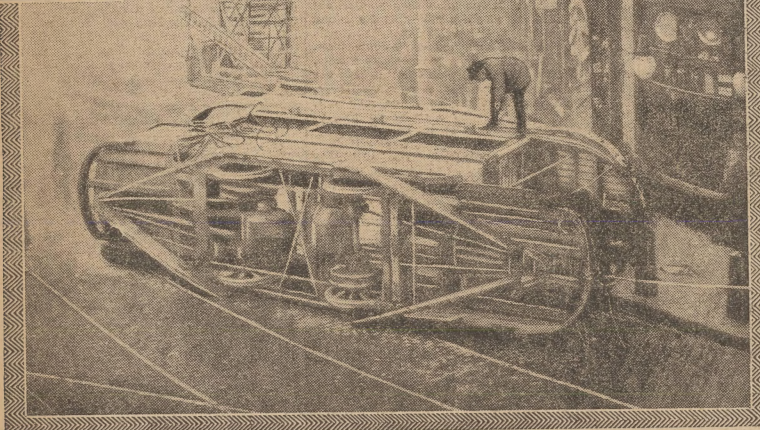
For a child of seven years of age to have a resolute ambition is rare. Pitt had made up his mind about his own career at that usually irresponsible age, and said when he heard that his father had become Earl of Chatham: "I am glad I am not the eldest son. I want to speak in the House of Commons like papa." And then there was his introduction to Fox years later, who listened for a minute or two with him to a debate in the House

chair. I seem to see him still holding the door in one hand, while he yielded to his malady, and turning his ear towards the House, that, if possible, he might not lose a single sentence that Fox uttered. Never do I recollect to have witnessed such a triumph of mind over physical depression."

Mr. George Bernard Shaw has been more talked about during the last year than almost any man in England, and now, in consequence, there seems to be a general desire to paint his portrait. Only a week or two ago he was imitatively caricatured in "Vanity Fair," and now the interesting news comes that Mr. Neville Lytton is to paint him with a graver purpose. One can well imagine the entertaining monologues with which Mr. Shaw will oblige the artist at his work, the delightful improvisations on art and life with which the sittings will be relieved from monotony.

Mr. Neville Lytton is, as most people will remember, a brother of the Earl of Lytton, and a son of the charming man who was our Ambassador in Paris and wrote under the pseudonym of "Owen Meredith." Probably no Englishman has even been more popular in Paris than the late Lord Lytton. The English Embassy was in his day an almost Bohemian place, where men of letters and artists were as welcome as the necessary official people. Many of the best-known writers in France

T RAMCAR JUMPS RAILS AT LEECE ST., LIVERPOOL.



Although seventy persons were on a large double-decked tramcar at Liverpool when it dashed down the steep hill in Leece-street, jumped the rails, and dashed into a row of iron posts, no one was killed. Thirty were more or less seriously injured, mostly with scalp wounds, broken limbs and ribs. The photograph shows the overturned car shortly after the accident.

PANTECHNICON COMMITTEE ROOM.



Mr. John Morgan, defeated by Mr. Austen Chamberlain in East Worcestershire, used the above pantechnicon as a committee room.

YOUNGEST LABOUR M.P.



Mr. J. T. Macpherson started life as a cabin-boy, and is now an Oxford graduate and member for Preston.

RESULT OF THE OPEN-AIR LIFE AT THE ZOO.



For the first time in the history of the Zoological Gardens in Regent's Park a Japanese ape has been born there. This is owing to the more natural conditions under which the animals are now kept in the open.

BLACK FOG IN LONDON



The above remarkable photograph was taken in Trafalgar-square during yesterday's fog.



During the thick fog yesterday in Fleet-street up above in the region of the telephone wires the sky was comparatively clear, as is shown by this striking photograph of a man repairing the telephone cables.



Under the friendly cloak of a London fog even the street-traders' barrows in the Farringdon-road assume a semblance of quaint picturesqueness.

TODAY'S WEDDINGS



Miss Margaret Gordon Milward, daughter of the late Mr. James Milward and Mrs. Powys Keek, cousin of the Marquis of Londonderry, to be married to-day to—



—Captain C. M. C. Rudkin, late Australian Forces, son of the late Major H. W. Rudkin, of Colton, Co. Louth, at All Saints' Church, Margaret-street, W.



Emily Gertrude Jerrard, daughter of the late Mr. H. C. Jerrard, of Melbourne, Australia, and niece of Dr. T. Irvin, C.M.G., to be married to-day to—



—Mr. Henry Claude Blake, M.V.O., Athlone Pursuivant of Arms, nephew of Sir Henry Blake, Governor-General of Ceylon, at St. Peter's, Cranley-gardens.

WITH THE PRINCE OF WALES IN INDIA.



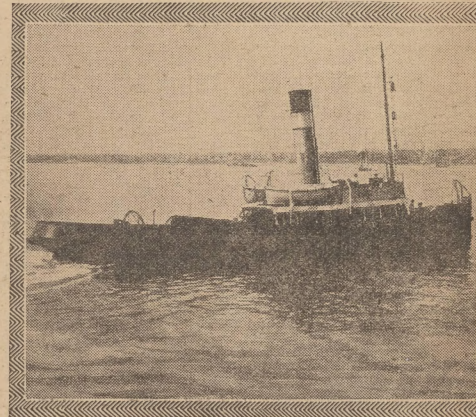
The royal box at the Calcutta Races. Reading from left to right: The Prince of Wales, Lady Minto, the Princess of Wales, Lord Minto (Viceroy of India).—(Photograph taken by *Daily Mirror* staff photographer accompanying the royal tour.)

MUSIC-HALL TRILBY.



Miss Mildred de Grey is now dancing at the Tivoli with bare feet. She was robbed and wounded in the Russian riots.

TUG SANDOW SUNK WITH ALL HANDS.

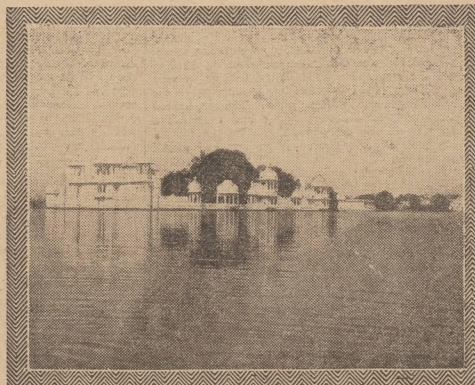


As the African Company's steamer Sobo was being towed up the Mersey she overran the Liverpool Alexandra Company's tug Sandow, which sunk with her crew of eight men. Above is a photograph of the lost tug.

"DAILY MIRROR" SERIES OF SNAPSHOTS BY LIVING CELEBRITIES.

No. 2.—By SIR FREDERICK TREVES.

No. 3.—By LADY ISOBEL KERR.



The famous Palace of Mandalay, taken with a Kodak by Sir Frederick Treves, a most enthusiastic and expert wielder of the camera.



The library at Blickling Hall, Norfolk. A charming interior study by Lady Isobel Kerr.

The above are on exhibition at the Kodak Galleries, 40, West Strand.

You Can Begin Our New Serial To-day.

THE BROKEN LAW.

By J. B. HARRIS-BURLAND.

Author of "Dacobra," "Love, the Criminal," "Love at a Price," etc., etc

CHARACTERS IN THE STORY.

GEORGE CRAWSHAY, a wealthy bachelor of forty, had just left an eminent specialist, who had told him he had two more months to live. Crawshaw had spent the last ten years in an effort to get a young man, an old man who had betrayed his step-sister, and he had failed completely; he did not even know the man's name. As Crawshaw sat gloomily contemplating his long and useless search, he was interrupted by

SIR RICHARD GAUNT, a brutal, unscrupulous man of evil reputation. Crawshaw told him of the result of his interview with the specialist, and also of the futile search he had been making for the man on whom he longed to be revenged.

Then he made a proposition that amazed Gaunt. He knew the precarious state of the spendthrift, and offered him £30,000 on condition that he undertook to hunt down the man and ruin him after he (Crawshaw) was dead. But Gaunt, unscrupulous as he is, would not consent to this monstrous scheme.

Rachel Gaunt gave a dinner at his flat.

LORD CARFAX and **George Crawshaw** were his guests. The men had been drinking heavily. A quarrel arose, in which Gaunt killed Lord Carfax.

Gaunt was horrified at what he had done; but Crawshaw, drawing him aside, told him that he (Crawshaw) would say the crime, already committed by Gaunt, would consent to the scheme already proposed to him, and hunt down the man he wants to be revenged upon. This Gaunt swears to do.

Crawshaw is arrested for manslaughter and sentenced to six months' imprisonment. He dies in prison, leaving Gaunt £30,000.

Then Gaunt discovers that the man he has sworn to ruin and hand to death is well known to him. In fact, it is Sir Richard Gaunt himself.

He feels relieved, and his heart is over. The idea of ruining himself he regards as absurd. He becomes engaged to

LADY BETTY DRAKE, but owing to ill-health, he is advised to take a sea voyage and sails for Australia. The steamer is wrecked, and Gaunt is picked up by some Arabians belonging to a little coast settlement on the border of the desert, for many months he lives a simple, hard-working life among the natives.

CHAPTER XVI. (continued).

Sir Richard Gaunt did not sleep that night. He did not even return to his hut. He lay on the sand at the edge of the desert and stared into the darkness, as though perchance he might see some way out of the danger that confronted him.

But the madness was still in his veins, and he only saw the face of the woman, the perfect grace and beauty of it, and the passion in the dark eyes. And then the darkness and the great, silent battle against his own desires. A year previously there would have been no doubt about the result—in fact, there would have been no battle at all.

But before dawn broke in the east he had conquered his own desire. The silence and peace of the night on the fringe of that vast solitude had played its quiet part in his contest. The wide spaces of sky and sand and sea had so belittled the value of human passions that the man found strength to resist his own desires. The very stars, which gemmed the darkness overhead, had seemed to look down on him with blazing eyes of contempt.

And when at last the dawn broke, and the grey sky was flushed with the splendour of the full day, he knew that he must leave the settlement and go forth into the desert.

He looked round at the various objects which had come into sight with the dawn, at the circle of palm-trees, at the huts, at the sea, at the billowy waste of sand, over which the sun was glinting like a ball of fire. His eyes moved from one object to another, the familiar scene, and then they rested on the camel. The huge, ungainly beast had lifted its head and was looking plaintively at the spring.

Here was the means of escape; here was the ship that would carry him beyond the reach of temptation and desire.

He would go out into the desert, but he would go alone.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Great Solitude.

A brown wilderness of sand, trackless as the ocean, and without a landmark to guide the traveller. Overhead a sky of burning blue, as monotonous as the sand beneath! At this wilderness a single speck moving slowly eastwards!

Three days passed, and Richard Gaunt had left the little settlement, and set forth on his journey into the desert. He had left unobserved like a thief in the night. At first he had thought of departing openly, but he saw that this would be attended with insuperable difficulties. The camel was as essential to him as a train to a traveller in England. Faint would of course refuse to sell the animal, so he took it without the formality of striking a bargain, and left behind all his worldly wealth in payment. This consisted of his gold watch and a little store of pearls, which represented his share of the profits in the fishing business.

He had taken with him food for fifteen days, and water which would last him a week with care. He had gathered an idea of the route from a conversation with the leader of the caravan. It lay for five hundred miles due east, and then ran northwards. He had no compass with him, but the man who had explained the route knew nothing of the compass, and had expressed his directions in a manner

that the simplest could understand. The sun and the stars were his only guides in that wilderness.

The first oasis lay nearly a hundred miles to the east of the coast line, but after that these green islands in the desolate ocean of sand appeared at intervals of about eighty miles. Sir Richard Gaunt had taken down minute directions as to the position of sun and stars, and anything that could be reckoned as a landmark, and he had not the slightest doubt about being able to trace out his entire journey across the desert. He might even fall in with another caravan on the great trail which ran from the north to the south like a high road.

On the evening of the fifth day he sighted a black speck against the sky line, many miles to the south, and, altering his course, found that he had reached the first oasis.

He stayed a week in this place, and then set out for the next oasis. He found it with less difficulty than he had anticipated, and he only remained there two days. The solitude of the desert was beginning to prey upon his nerves. He was now anxious to move on as quickly as possible, to reach the great caravan route, where he could hope to occasionally hear the sound of a human voice and see his fellow-men.

Never before had he realised the meaning of complete solitude. The little settlement by the sea had come as near to isolation as he thought possible. The continual company of the same few people day after day was loneliness after the life of a great city, and even after the life at Gaunt Royal, where at any rate he was in touch with the events of the world. But this surpassed anything that he had ever imagined. He had read of men who had been cast on desert islands, of men who had suffered lifelong imprisonment, and made friends with the mice and even spiders in their cells. But to suppose that he had never been able to grasp the reality of their feelings.

At last, however, he knew what it was to be alone, completely and absolutely alone save for the shambling beast which represented his only hope of ever meeting his fellow-men.

The long waving stretches of dun sand, the blue arch of the sky, seemed to form a prison as secure and certain as the walls of a fortress. He was able to move about, it was true, but he only fancied himself as a prisoner on an endless chain. He could move in any direction, and for any distance, but he could not escape. Ten, twenty, thirty, fifty, a hundred miles! What did it matter? There was still the same boundary of desert, and still the same unbroken roof of sky.

He made a friend of the camel, and used to talk to it, hour after hour, as though it could understand and answer him. Under similar circumstances a dog would have been a real companion. But a camel is a singularly unresponsive animal, and although Gaunt fancied it was a sympathetic friend, he could not tell it what he said. He understood much of what he said to it. He had read, however, of all that a spider meant to a man who was serving a long term of imprisonment, and a camel was, at any rate, a more sociable if less intelligent being than a spider.

At the end of a month he had reached the fifth oasis, but had travelled more than 300 miles from the settlement. Another 200 miles would bring him to the great caravan route. There he proposed to remain until he wanted to return to England.

He left the fifth oasis with a plentiful supply of dates and water, and travelled for six days, bearing 45 degrees to the south of the point where he rose. At the end of the sixth day he began to be anxious. He should have come to the next oasis, for he was travelling fifteen miles a day, but wherever he looked there was still an unbroken vista of sand. He only had food and water for another five days.

He was uncertain how to act. He had evidently gone too far to the north or too far to the south, but he would not tell in which direction he had made the error. He scanned the horizon for any sign of a tree. But it was not easy to see far on the great undulating plain. The air, heated by the sun, moves unceasingly and obstructs a clear view in any direction.

He took a penny from his pocket, and tossed it into the air.

"Heads, south; tails, north," he said to the camel.

"Heads it is, old boy," he cried, and thrust the coin under the camel's nose, as though to show that there was no cheating.

Then he remembered the last time he had tossed and the result of the decision.

"The coins lie," he said aloud after a pause.

"We will go north, See-saw, due north."

And northwards he went, and before another day had passed he sighted some dark blotches on the horizon.

As he drew nearer he noticed that the palms were shorter than usual and that there was an absence of green herbage at the foot of them. It was not till he came within a quarter of a mile of them that he realised what had happened. The oasis had lain in the track of a great sandstorm, and been almost made one with the desert.

When he reached the trees he found that he could

(Continued on page 11.)

A HUMAN DOCUMENT.

A Reader's Letter: "As Soon Die As Go On Living Like This."

"Droylesden.

"Dear Sir,—

"I do not know if you can do me any good, as medicines have done me no good whatever, and I have been taking all sorts of things for nearly seven years, during which long time I have suffered from indigestion and constipation. I am now very weak, and feel hardly able to do a decent day's work. I'm sure I don't know what will happen to me, but I feel as if I would as soon die as go on living like this. . . . I am afraid you can't do anything for me. Do not be afraid to tell me candidly what you think of my case, as I would much rather know the truth, whatever it is, and you say in your article that you will tell any inquirer frankly whether you can cure him or not."

"Yours truly,

"J— G—."

This letter, addressed to Mr. Eugen Sandow, voices the deep despair into which the chronic sufferer falls. When hope fails life becomes black, indeed.

It will be noticed that the sufferer makes the supreme mistake of thinking that because medicines ("all sorts of things for nearly seven years") have failed to do him any good, he feels that the Sandow Treatment—his forlorn hope—cannot succeed.

Possibly the correspondent has about exhausted the full list of pills, potions, and powders advertised as sovereign cures for his troubles. What suffering he might have saved himself had he turned to the Natural Healing methods of the Sandow Treatment.

INDICATIONS OF ILLNESS.

Illness indicates that something is radically wrong with the body. It may be Indigestion, Constipation, Insomnia, Loss of Vigour or Nervous Derangement. The body is a much more delicate piece of machinery than the most complicated machine yet invented by man, and any derangement or breakdown of its complicated parts can no more be restored to working order by pouring chemicals into the stomach than can a broken-down motor-car, say, be put in going order by pouring water, or sprinkling powder, over it. Indeed, dosing with medicine (except in rare extreme cases, and under medical supervision) is as injurious to the body as the pouring of water over a machine would be to the latter. In the case of the unhealthy body, the weakened stomach, bowels, or nervous system have placed upon them the additional task of getting rid of that which is not of the nature of food and nourishment—and the stomach, be it remembered, is an organ intended to deal only with food (solid and fluid).

The pill, potion, or powder has not yet been—and never will be—discovered that will cure illness. Lethal injury may be done to the constitution by reckless partaking of patent medicines. It has been truly said that no two persons are alike in constitution, and it should be sufficiently obvious that it is a physical impossibility for any cure-all combination of drugs to have the same effect on tens of thousands of different people. The digestive apparatus is the supreme delicacy of the body, dealing with a great variety of food, absorbing what it can and rejecting the remainder as waste. Food is prepared to deal with, but the chemical fluids of medicine are not food, and to put into the stomach stuff it was not meant to deal with is bound to injure its working capacity. The effect of medicine in any case is merely temporary. It is destructive in principle, and what we require is constructive effort. We need to *construct* health and strength.

To return to the sad case of the writer of the above letter (whose case, it is pleasing to note, is one that cannot fail to be benefited under the Sandow Treatment), there is no doubt that his constitution is considerably worse than it would have been had he not drugged his system during seven years of his life. The first object now will be to eradicate from his system the drugs of the different drugs he has swallowed. The Sandow Treatment will do this by stimulating his circulation in a Natural manner.

EVERY BREATH WE TAKE.

The blood is the great nourishing and cleansing agent of the body. There are two kinds of blood, called arterial blood and venous blood. Arterial blood comes from the arteries, and is directly pumped out from the heart; it contains a large quantity of oxygen of the air, which is obtained from the lungs with every breath we take; it is of a bright red colour.

Venous blood comes from the veins; it has lost its oxygen, having given it to the various tissues throughout the body. As time passes, at the same time receiving from them the poisonous waste of the body, which it carries through the heart into the lungs, to be given off by the breath. Venous blood is purple in colour.

The heart is the great propelling power, it acts as a very powerful pump, forcing the blood into every part of the body. The heart has four chambers—two to act upon the arterial blood, and two to act upon the venous blood.

The blood in ailments like indigestion, constipa-

tion, insomnia, and loss of vigour, as sluggish, and consequently impure owing to the congestion of the affected organs. The Sandow Treatment in such cases provides curative movements that directly accelerate and purify the circulation.

MAN'S NATURAL BIRTHRIGHT.

The weakened or diseased organs are regularly flushed with pure, rich blood. The whole body quickly becomes stronger and healthier. The appetite improves, the digestion is strengthened, the power of assimilation of nourishment increased, the sanitary functions of the eliminative organs actively take up their vitally important work of automatically freeing the body from the waste and poisonous products of the body.

This all-round improvement constitutes health, and with it comes increased strength, and the buoyant happiness of a body whose every part works in beautiful harmony as intended by Nature, and according to man's Natural birthright of health and happiness.

A MATTER OF IMPORTANCE.

Few people realise how important is the part played by muscle in the human body, and its influence in health and disease is too little recognised. Most people associate the word muscle with movements of the limbs only, or with cases of endurance. They will be surprised to learn that muscle surrounds and protects every organ of the human body, and that it constitutes nearly one-half of a person's weight. You cannot move your little finger, or wink your eyelid, without bringing it into play. You cannot eat your food, or digest it, without the assistance of muscle. All the waste and poisonous matter in the system can only be removed therefrom by means of muscle.

And upon the quality and condition of that muscle depend the health of the whole body.

The Sandow Treatment is based on this fact. It builds up and strengthens the muscles surrounding any organ that fails to perform its proper functions, and in this way restores functional activity. The cure, too, in all such cases is not merely temporary, but permanent.

The fact that the Sandow Treatment has received the endorsement of the medical profession is one of which the founder is exceedingly proud, and is in itself a guarantee that the Treatment is far removed from anything of the nature of quackery. The Treatment is simple, Natural, and, above all, has the great advantage that it can be gone through from start to finish in the patient's own home. Every case receives the most careful individual attention, and unless Mr. Sandow consider there is every prospect of a cure being effected he will not take a case in hand.

Every sufferer is invited to write for a copy of a book explaining fully a Treatment that, according to the highest medical testimony, is "astounding" and "uniformly successful."

As pointed out by the writer of the letter, Mr. Sandow will not accept a single case which he does not firmly believe to be capable of complete cure under his Treatment.

If when writing for the book the sufferer will describe his or her ailments the prospects of cure will be stated definitely. Additional literature dealing with the writer's ailments will then also be sent. Address:—Eugen Sandow, Dept. D.M., 17, Basinghall-street, London, E.C. Book and reply will be sent by return of post.—(ADVT.)

FREE IF YOU SUFFER FROM CATARRH OR CHRONIC GOUT IN THE HEAD

and desire a complete and permanent cure write at once to THE AURAL CLINIC, LTD., 102 and 104, New Oxford-street, London, W.C., for Booklet fully describing an entirely new self-applied method, which will be sent you gratis and post free if you mention *Daily Mirror*.

If you have any doubts about your Ailment read the following symptoms of Catarrh arranged in the form of questions:

1. Is your voice husky?
2. Is the breath offensive?
3. Is the nose stopped up?
4. Does the nose discharge?
5. Do you snore when asleep?
6. Do crusts form in the nose?
7. Do you have sneezing spells?
8. Is the sense of smell leaving?
9. Do you suffer from headache?
10. Is there fulness in the throat?
11. Do you expectorate frequently?
12. Do you have to clear the throat?
13. Is there dropping of phlegm into the throat?
14. Do you have Nausea and "gagging" with phlegm?

Note the address: The Aural Clinic, Ltd., 102 and 104, New Oxford-st., London, W.C.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Foreign Bourses Await Outcome of
Algicras Conference.

KAFFIRS STILL DULL.

CAPE COURT, Tuesday Evening.—There was not very much in the situation to cause excitement to-day on the Stock Exchange. Perhaps we have not all recovered sufficiently from the general election to bring our investment business to the Stock Exchange, let alone the question of speculation. And money is certainly dear enough for the moment, though that is only quite a temporary matter.

The banks got their full pound of flesh to-day for Stock Exchange loans. They got absolutely the utmost that was expected. Still, if markets were rather uncertain, there was certainly very little the matter with them. It was the general carry-over to-day, and the usual monthly carry-over is coming very near in the case of the Consols. Consols slackened just the merest trifle to 89 13-16, in spite of the good allotment of Treasury bills.

HOME RAIL DIVIDENDS.

There was another batch of Home Railway dividends. The Taff Vale and the City and South London declared at the same rate as a year ago, and these were fully up to expectations. The North Stafford increased distribution at the rate of 44 per cent. per annum was liked. But business is rather hanging fire in the Home Railway market, though that will come on right enough later.

The main point is that the far-seeing investor should buy his stocks while there are cheap. The speculative elements will put prices up for him later when they realise the position. To-day the market was quietly dull, and that was all that could be said for it. The traffic returns announced to-day were not very bright.

BLIZZARDS IN CANADA.

The wire-pullers in New York are still busily endeavouring to attract both the British and American public into American Rails. In spite of a dull opening and stiff carry-over rates to-day, they were keeping things on the move at first, though they broke badly later. But Canadian Rails were rather upset by news of blizzards, which seemed to affect Grand Trunk. On the other hand, the Foreign Railway group as a whole kept quite firm. The dividend prospects, harvest talk, and one thing or another afford useful support to the market.

In spite of the gamble which has been so long in progress, there was some attempt to put up copper shares again to-day. As a whole Foreigners were fairly satisfactory. The Algicras Conference is the matter of most moment, and until that is settled one way or the other the market does not really know where it stands.

Still the talk of coming early redemption in Japanese Internal issues attracts attention to Japanese bonds, though the necessity for further loans is evident from statements published this morning. At least £20,000,000 more is required. The market for Venezuelan bonds is also dull, owing to the troubles between Venezuela and France.

FIRE ALARM APPLIANCES.

That the non-tariff fire offices cannot live very long when encouraging big business is best proved by the fact that the Central is joining the tariff ring. This office was one of the first to take up the automatic fire alarm. Talking of the latter, we note the further advertisements in the financial papers from Pearson's Fire Alarm, making a great parade of the decision of the tariff fire offices to adopt any such automatic appliances. After all, Pearson's is only one of them, and the public need not, therefore, rush in and buy the shares, which have probably been inflated already. The Australian banking group should be helped by the news of the good harvest and excellent wool clip.

Mining markets do not seem to show much heart. West Africans are a little sticky after their recent rise, and the same applies to the deep leads group, in which there has been tremendous trumpeting by those interested of late. Kaffirs were never good. They seem to fear market trouble as a result of recent weakness, and the rumour of the resignation of Lord Selborne did not add to the gaiety of markets.

ARRESTED IN SCHOOL.

Juvenile "Dandy" Owes To Being One of Forty
Who Plundered Showcases.

"I am one of the Forty Dandies," was the confession of one of six boys charged at Marylebone yesterday with thefts from a showcase outside the shop of Mr. George Minter, Bishop's-road, Paddington.

A dramatic part of the case was that five of the offenders were arrested at school, suggesting a grievous development in criminal precocity.

The lad who made the confession said that they went about opening showcases and "nicking" whatever they could get.

Mr. Taylor, remanding the boys, remarked that was a deplorable state of things.

PHOTOGRAPH THAT SECURED A MOTHER'S REPRIEVE.



Mrs. Antoinette Tolia has been sentenced to death for killing a man who persecuted her. The above photograph of her children was left on the desk of the Governor of the State of New Jersey, where it remained for a week undisturbed. The pathetic picture of the pretty children eventually so worked on the feelings of Governor Stokes that he has reprieved the mother, who, it is thought, will now be acquitted, as she shot in defence of her honour.

THE BROKEN LAW.

(Continued from page 10.)

almost touch the leaves of some. It was easy enough to gather the fruit. But he could not find any trace of water. Perhaps the spring lay under a dozen feet of sand.

He stayed there the night and then proceeded on his way. A new danger confronted him. He had read of these sandstorms, more terrible than any storm at sea. A death from which there was no escape—a choking, blinding, horrible death. They were not frequent, but when they came they swept every living thing into one smooth, brown tomb.

When he had gone about ten miles on his journey to the next oasis his attention was drawn to a small piece of scarlet cloth sticking out of a mound of sand. He dismounted and pulled at it with both his hands. It resisted his efforts, and seemed to be part of something buried deep in the sand.

Sir Richard Gaunt dug away the sand with both his hands until his fingers came to something solid. Then he paused for a moment. He knew what he had found, but did not know whether he wished to see more of it.

He decided that it was his duty to finish his work, and after a little more scooping out of the sand he bared a face and body to the sunshine.

He recognised the face, and, half-shutting his eyes, he fumbled at the clothes and found a leather pouch. From this he took a letter, sealed with red wax and decorated with tassels of green silk. The handwriting was his own, and it was addressed to Lady Betty Drake. Close to it were four English sovereigns, and they had been pressed so tightly against it that they had left four circular marks on the paper.

Sir Richard Gaunt slipped the letter and the gold into his pocket, and then proceeded to heap up the sand on the body. When he had finished, and the smooth mound had resumed its placid appearance, he remounted the camel and proceeded on his way towards the next oasis.

CHAPTER XVIII.

The Voice of the Desert.

After a rapid journey of three days, in which he travelled day and night, he reached the next oasis. He was pleased to find that it was large and watered by no less than three springs. He had been without water for twenty-four hours, and drank greedily of the first bubbling stream. He was becoming a fatalist, and he looked upon the finding of this refuge as a sign of his fitness to live. If he had missed it, there was no doubt that he would have died of thirst. As it was, his life had been spared, and he did not doubt that it had been spared for some specific purpose.

The oasis was nearly forty acres in extent, and the palm trees round its edge were so thickly massed together as to form an almost impenetrable wall of timber. The undergrowth was rich and luxuriant. It was a place that a man might well linger in.

Here he would rest and wait for the approach of a caravan. He was still within a hundred and fifty miles of the Great Route, but he argued that an oasis of such size and importance must be well known to all travellers in the desert.

He was well satisfied with his quarters, and in a few days' time he recovered in some degree from the overwhelming fear which had seized his mind. The happy life of the past year had fortified his mind. But he resolved to remain in his island of refuge, and await the arrival of his fellow-men.

A month passed, and no one came to the oasis. But at the end of the month an event happened which cut off Sir Richard Gaunt from either advance or retreat, and left him as helplessly stranded as a sailor cast on an island without a boat or the means of making one.

The camel, which had been ailing for some days, and which had at times even refused food, lay down

on its side, and closed its eyes and died. Sir Richard Gaunt, who had looked on the animal as part of the desert, and likely to live for centuries, was quite overcome by this final blow to all his hopes. It was true that he did not intend to proceed on his journey till he could find some companions, but he had always looked on the camel as essential to his progress. Without it he would be a mere emaciation to any caravan.

Sir Richard spent a whole day in covering the body with sand, and by sunset he had raised a noble tumulus half as high as a tall palm. On the top of this he placed a wreath of palm leaves, and regarded his work with the satisfaction of a man who has done his best.

Then he sat down on the mound of sand, and looked-out across the desert at the setting sun. He was sad, and his sadness was not all due to the fact that he was hopelessly cut off from further advance. He felt that he had lost a friend, a dumb unsympathetic friend, it is true, but one who had always done its duty, and he was cut off from all life save that of the vegetable world. Not a bird or animal would come to cheer him by its movements. He was in a green prison of foliage, and he could not leave it, except for a grave of sand.

Month followed month, and still no caravan came to the oasis, and Sir Richard Gaunt began to give up all hope of ever leaving his place of refuge. At first he cursed his own folly and the cowardice which had prevented him from pressing on to some point which lay on the Great Route.

But by degrees he became resigned to his fate. The solitude and the silence, which at first were insufferable, became so much a part of his daily life that they ceased to be noticeable.

Day after day he reviewed his past, and wondered what the future held in store for him. At first his thoughts were a mere chaos, out of which he could evolve nothing except a vague sense of shame and a fear of punishment. The thought of his oath to Crawshaw did not trouble him. A more healthy state of mind regarded the fulfilment of his oath as wild and absurd. But he was haunted by the memory of the few words he had uttered in his agony of thirst and hunger on the raft.

"Give me the future and I will serve Thee till the end of my days."

This voice alone rose above the tumult of his varied memories—a sharp clear note that seemed to echo and re-echo in his brain.

Yet it was a vow that could never be kept. How could he, Sir Richard Gaunt, serve God till the end of his days? The best he could do would be merely a negative service. He could lead a clean life; but this would be a purely selfish atonement for the past. It would benefit no one but himself. If a man has stolen a hundred pounds, he can hardly make reparation by resolving to steal no more.

God had no use for him. It was clear that he had lived his life, and that nothing more was required of him. The shipwreck cutting him off from civilisation, the temptation of Hamil driving him out from the society of his fellow-men, the sandstorm which had prevented his letter from reaching Crawshaw, the death of a camel, which had kept him a prisoner on a few acres of barren soil like some island in the midst of an impassable ocean, all these were details in a definite plan. He was an outcast left to die in the wilderness, a thing of no account in the great scheme of the universe.

Day after day these thoughts whirled through his brain in chaos. But like the nebulous matter that resolved itself into the solid earth, they gradually materialised into a single thought.

"I must get out of this," he said to himself, "and I must try to do some good in the world."

But it was evident that relentless justice was going to pursue him to the last. At the end of six months of loneliness and self-examination and self-reproach he was taken ill. For a few days he was strong enough to walk about, and eat his food, and sit on the edge of the oasis, staring into the desert. Then he became weak and dizzy, and he was seized with a great fear.

(To be continued.)

The Food of the Young.

What must it be? Delicious; palatable. What else? Rich in material for making energy and vitality. Anything more? Yes, easy to digest. Currants contain nearly thrice the nutriment of lean beef and mutton. Their delicious juice is a natural cooling laxative. Give the children currants every day, in bread, cakes, or puddings.

The One & Only House

In London where you can furnish throughout with substantial Second-hand FURNITURE ON EASY TERMS. Some people have an aversion to new furniture, no matter how worthy the material. We have special Showrooms for superior Second-hand Furniture, in which are displayed every necessity from kitchen to attic. In one day we can completely furnish you and give your home that comfortable appearance that only good-class Second-hand Furniture can do. Don't trouble about the Terms. We will suit our prices to your satisfaction. We pay carriage to your door. 55 worth, 4s. per month; £10, 7s.; £20, 11s.; £30, 17s.; £50, 28s. Write our name in any Catalogue, just published, with which we will enclose our current month's list of Second-hand Furniture.

W. JELKS & SONS,
LONDON'S MAMMOTH CASH AND CREDIT FURNISHERS. 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, Holloway Road, N., a few doors from Finsbury Station (G.N.R.). SECOND-HAND FURNITURE BOUGHT IN ANY QUANTITIES. Telephone, 250, North.

Wheallands' PERFECT PIANOS

THE WORLD'S CHEAPEST HIGH-CLASS PIANO. With all the latest modern improvements. WRITE FOR NEW ART CATALOGUE No. 16, and you will receive an estimate.

NEW AND NOVEL PROPOSAL, which will only be made for a short period, 413, 415, 417, Harrow Rd., London, W. Telephone 1215 Paddington. Agents Wanted.

INITIAL RING DIAMONDS.
SOLID GOLD AND SILVER. ANY INITIAL set with Real Diamonds for £2, £3, £4, £5, £6, £7, £8, £9, £10, £11, £12, £13, £14, £15, £16, £17, £18, £19, £20, £21, £22, £23, £24, £25, £26, £27, £28, £29, £30, £31, £32, £33, £34, £35, £36, £37, £38, £39, £40, £41, £42, £43, £44, £45, £46, £47, £48, £49, £50, £51, £52, £53, £54, £55, £56, £57, £58, £59, £60, £61, £62, £63, £64, £65, £66, £67, £68, £69, £70, £71, £72, £73, £74, £75, £76, £77, £78, £79, £80, £81, £82, £83, £84, £85, £86, £87, £88, £89, £90, £91, £92, £93, £94, £95, £96, £97, £98, £99, £100.

SENSIBLE FURNISHING

By the Largest
INSTANTAL FURNISHERS
in the United Kingdom.

GRESHAM FURNISHING COMPANY

THERE ARE TWO WAYS OF FURNISHING. CASH OR CREDIT. We do both. When you call on us we show you our stock and tell you our price, which is cheaper than the Largest Cash Store. We don't ask whether you wish to pay Cash—we decide this for yourself. If you prefer to pay cash we allow you five per cent. discount. If your credit we send the goods home free WITHOUT DEPOSITS OR SECURITY.

| Month. | Month. | Month. |
|--------|--------|--------|
| 10 | 20 | 30 |
| 10 | 20 | 30 |
| 10 | 20 | 30 |
| 10 | 20 | 30 |

Our Furniture will stand no end of Hard Wear. ALL GOODS DELIVERED IN PLAIN VANS FREE. STRICT PRIVACY GUARANTEED. SPECIAL IMPORTANCE PAID TO YOUNG COUPLES ABOUT TO FURNISH, WHO WOULD BE MOST LIBERALLY DEALT WITH. Give us a call, we are always pleased to show you round our store, or write for our handsome Free Catalogue.

GRESHAM FURNISHING COMPANY, 51, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

A few doors North of the Finsbury Station. Telephone No. 1442 Holborn.

THE MAIDSTONE VIOLIN SET.
The standard for sound and School. 7-8 Tuned Violin Box with case and Fingering Book. 2,000 Schools.

WORKERS ATTENTION!

Do not use drugs, medicines, and so-called curatives.

It is no matter whether physical or mental labour is meant, or even if an excess of either has to be accomplished, causing undue jadedness and tiredness, with disinclination for further effort or exertion—in any case, the discovery referred to will be of inestimable service to you. The evidence of medical men and the public is conclusive on this point.

What does this evidence prove?

It proves that Dr. Tibbles' Vi-Cocoa as a Food Beverage possesses nutrient, restorative, and vitalising properties which have hitherto been non-existent.

You can try it free of expense. Merit alone is what is claimed for Dr. Tibbles' Vi-Cocoa, and the proprietors are prepared to send to any reader who names this journal, and will send a postcard to 60, Bunhill-row, London, E.C., a dainty sample tin of Dr. Tibbles' Vi-Cocoa free and post-paid.

PERSONAL.

HARRY.—Dearest, you are good, ever true; all my love.—**G. L.**

OTHER person hurt, never helped; same place; come; news.—**SWEETIE.**

TRIXY.—Never give you up, dear; more determined than ever, love.—**GEO.**

WANTED, the address of Alice Bond, late of Marlborough-street, and Glenahwa Mansions, Bristol. Jennie enquires.—Write 1023, "Daily Mirror," 12, Whitefriars-st., E.C.

* * * The above advertisements are charged at the rate of nine words for 1s. 6d., and 2d. per word afterwards.—Trade advertisements in Personal Column eight words for 4s., and 6d. per word after. * * * Other small advertisements, 1s. 6d. per word.—Address Advertisement Manager, "Mirror," 12 Whitefriars-st. London.

PARTNERSHIPS AND FINANCIAL.

A.A.A.A.—How To Make Money with a Small Capital.—Write for particulars, mentioning this paper, to Mrs. Anderson, and Co., 51, Bishopsgate-st. Within, London, E.C.

A. B. C. key to fortune; book sent free, showing how small sums invested may secure an income of £10 per week.—Richmond, 66, Imperial-buildings, London.

ANNUITANTS WHO ARE RESTRAINED

from BORROWING on their incomes, or persons who are entitled to cash or property at death of relatives or others can have advances.

Sum advanced can be repaid when expectancy is received. Apply to LOTHOUSE and Co., Bankers' Agents, 19, Victoria-street, Westminster.

who have also a SPECIAL FUND TO INVEST with Ladies and Gentlemen on Fixed Income with cases on

Death or Remarriage. Immediate advances in case of Pressure. NO fees. TERMS FIVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

LEGACIES. Reversions Life Incomes: prompt loans of £50 to £10,000 from 4 per cent. per ann.; purchases on favourable terms.—Apply Manager, The Reversion Purchase and Mortgage Agency, 51, Holborn-viaduct, E.C. 4, 1889, Tel. 5087 Holborn.

MONEY lost by share dealing in blind pools, margin cover, options etc., can be recovered, nine times out of ten; no fees charged (6 per cent. commission on money recovered). Write full particulars, Investors' Protection Society, 15, Sio-lane, London.

PRIVATE. Loans granted immediately, £10 to £10,000 on note of hand alone, without securities or securities; moderate terms; repayments suit to borrowers; town or country.—Apply to actual lenders; telephone 912. Bank: Seymour and Whiteman, 32 Walbrook, Bank, E.C. 4.

£5 to £1,000 lent to all responsible persons on note of hand alone; no fees.—Call or write, A. Adams, 10, Southside, Clapham Common, S.W.

COLDS, COUGHS AND A LITTLE WISDOM

Is it wise of you to keep that cold or cough hanging about you, lowering your vitality, reducing your efficiency, making you a ready prey to far greater ills? Of course not. You know your only wise course is to get rid of it at once and you can do this quite easily by taking SCOTT'S EMULSION of cod liver oil and hypophosphites of lime and soda. The hypophosphites have a special tonic effect on the organs of the chest and throat, the oil builds up sound, resistant tissue, fortifies the weak parts and braces the entire system. ¶ Duleek, Co. Meath, Ireland, Jan. 2nd, 1905. "When I commenced using Scott's Emulsion I suffered from weakness and coughing the whole night through. I am now quite strong and have not been troubled with cough for a long time, Nurse Clarke."



made by the original perfected Scott process, which makes the oil thoroughly digestible and consequently gives you the full benefit of the nourishment contained in it. Always get Scott's.

¶ Send for a free sample bottle and

"The Good-Time Garden" (enclosing 4d. for postage and mentioning this paper). SCOTT & BOWNE, Ltd., 10-11, STONECUTTER STREET, LONDON, E.C.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

A Genuine Home Employment.—Fitting small prints; experience unnecessary.—Stamped envelope (20), 17, Manchester, Fulham.

A Good Agency.—Respectable men in regular employment, desirous of increasing their income, are invited to apply for terms and particulars of a spare time agency by which they can supply clothing, drapery, boots and shoes, watches, jewellery, household requisites, musical instruments, bicycles, etc., for cash or credit; favourable terms to agent and customer.—John Myers and Co., Ltd., Box 25, 181, Westminster Bridge-rd. London. Established nearly a century.

ACTIVE Men employed in large offices, warehouses, or works can easily double their incomes during spare time, without risk or expense.—Apply for particulars to Gardner & Co., 25, Abchurch-lane, London, E.C. 4.

AGENTS wanted.—Agents making £10 weekly handling our improved chemical coal, caver, splendid terms.—Coal Depot, 86, Conway-st., Brixton.

AGENTS wanted for Picture Postcards.—Perrin Bros., 36 Shrewsbury-rd., Haringey, N.W.

AMBITIOUS Men anxious to get on should join the School of Motoring, prospects 23, Berry-st., Liverpool; 235 Despatch, Manchester, and Lord-st., Southport.

ART.—Have you a taste for Drawing? If so, make money by it. Free booklet explains how.—Secretary, 244, High Holborn.

CORRESPONDENCE Clerk.—Wanted a young lady short-hand typist; experienced in drafting her own replies; Barlock machine; state salary and experience; Patteny business.—Box 758, Williams, 125, Strand, W.C.

YOUNG Man wanted to represent a well-known London firm, liberal terms and good prospects to suitable applicant.—Address, F. 1013, "Daily Mirror," 12, Whitefriars-st., E.C.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

COTTAGE Piano; Collard; £7 15s.; easy terms.—Payne, 103, Approach-rd., Cambridge Heath, N.E.

MUSICAL Instruments and Talking Machines.—Delivery on small deposit; balance 14 weekly; accordeons from 7s. 6d.; concertinas from 5s. 6d.; organettes from 25s.; auto-harps from 5s.; banjos, mandolines, and violins from 10s. 6d.; illustrated catalogue post free.—Write Dept. 115, A. Thomas, 315 and 316, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

PIANOFORTE.—A great bargain, in handsomely made walnut case, very sweet tone, fitted with iron frame, check action, and every latest improvement; guaranteed; offered upon the hire system for 10s. 6d. per month; will send for 1 month's free trial without payment.—Godfrey, 31, Plum-st., Colwich.

PIANO; good condition; 48; easy terms.—102, Churchfield-rd., Acton, W.

PIANOFORTE.—Lady wishes to sell privately her magnificent upright iron action Piano; 180 years; 8 ft. with check, repeat action; exquisite marqueterie case and carved pillars; nearly new; original price 50 guineas; 20 years' warranty transferred. Take no view. 7 clear days, carriage paid both ways if not proved.—G. 25, Brompton-rd., London, S.W.

PIANO, £2 2s.; good tone.—Youngs, 219, Victoria-rd., N.E.

16 Guineas; pianoforte, "Duchess" model (last price, guinea); by D'Almeida (established 180 years); solid ash frame, upright grand, full compass, full richwood case, action, etc.; in handsome carved case, 50 inches in height, in use only six months; sent on approval, carriage paid both ways; 20 years' warranty; easy terms arranged; the price paid will be allowed if exchanged for a higher priced instrument within three years.—D'Almeida and Co., Ltd., 150 years, 31, Finabury-parkway, City. Open till Saturdays 5.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A—Everyone having surplus cash of £5 upwards should write at once for our pamphlet (forwarded post free), which explains how £10 may be invested to return £1 5s. to £2 10s. profit weekly; other amounts proportionately; no trouble involved; many genuine uncollected testimonials from customers.—Tracer, Grigg and Co., 41 Queen Victoria-st., London.

ARE you interested in Canaries and other Cage Birds? If so, send for my free list, which contains valuable information to all intending purchasers, or my Amateurs' Guide, with Two Hundred and Fifty Coloured Illustrations, etc., two stamps to cover postage; patronised by Horley—W. Ridd, 44, Piccadilly, Norwich.

CONSUMPTION.—AMATEURS AND ARTISTS are urged to write without delay for full particulars of our remarkable discovery which is curing hundreds; your own life depends upon this knowledge; page book sent post free for 1d. stamp.—Liquifusa, D.M., Laboratory 196, Chamberwell-avenue, London.

DRUNKENNESS is curable, speedily, permanently, trifling cost, as grateful thousands testify; can be given secret; unknown to sufferers; save those dear to you; write with certainty; particulars and sample, 1d. stamp.—London Chemical Co., 52, 2, Guildhall-buildings, Birmingham.

INDIGESTION.—Sufferers should take the celebrated remedy Zimol without delay; cures at once and permanently; send stamp for free sample, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per bottle from General Manufacturing Co., Dept. 31, Halifax.

MRS. Heald, ladies' sick nurse and specialist; write for illustrated book, free.—Oxford-st., Newmarket-27.

RUPTURE.—Colwell's Elastic Band Truss; the most comfortable and effective; all other brands made; illustrated post free.—H. M. Colwell, 116, Newington-road, London, S.E.



FURNISHING TATE'S STORES

WHY ENVY YOUR NEIGHBOUR'S HOME When we are ready willing to supply you one just as good or very easy terms? Write us, or call. See what we can save you. No extra for credit. Terms to suit your convenience. **TATE'S, 162, HOLLOWAY RD., LONDON, N.**



Trial Bottle



COSTS YOU 6d. FOR A TRIAL BOTTLE.

Seeger's will show you how to become your own hairdresser in your own home. Seeger's has none of the imperfections of the old fashioned dyes, even the most expensive of them. Created quite a new era in hair colouring. You get Seeger's any natural shade. Simply comb it through your hair, nothing else. Seeger's is medically certified harmless, is permanent and washable. Get your trial bottle, 7d. post free: in cases, 21-post free.

Chemists, Storers, Hairdressers, or direct
Hinde's (Curlers) Ltd., Finsbury, London.

DURBAR BOOT POLISH

ONLY TWO MEN

know the secret ingredient in Durbar Polish. To this secret ingredient Durbar owes its power of preserving leather and of doubling the life of your boots. You have got to buy Polish or Blacking, any way. Better buy Durbar, and save the cost of every second pair of boots. Durbar is not a blacking that cakes on your boots, but a polish that produces a beautiful lasting "shine."

SAMPLE FREE

AT ALL BOOTMAKERS.
CRISP, ATHILL & CO., LTD.,
(Dept. B),
Tyer's gateway,
London, S.E.



BLACK AND BROWN.

BIRKBECK BANK

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Current Accounts. 2 p.c. Interest allowed on minimum monthly balance. (Interest not drawn below £100)

Deposits. 4 p.c. Interest allowed on deposits of £100 and upwards.

ALL IRONMONGERS AND HARDWARE STORES.

NO MORE TROUBLE

ENVELOPES AT 1/6 PER 1,000

every size, shape, and quality in stock. Samples post free.

LANGLEY & SONS, Unprecedented Value.

Printers and Manufacturing Stationers.

150, 151, 152, GEORGE STREET, N.W.

MARKETING BY POST.

FISH (Live).—Bad fish is dear at any price; good fish is cheap at our price; we will send carriage paid 4lb. box of excellent fish dressed, for 2s.; 9lb. 2s. 6d.; 11lb. 3s.; 14lb. 3s. 6d.; send to-day one trial order.—London and Provincial Fish Co., Grimsby.

GLAUG'S Perth Whisky: two bottles famous "Grouse" brand, delicate, soft, delicious. by post, 7s. 6d.—Matthew Glasg, Perth.

BOARD RESIDENCE AND APARTMENTS.

STREATHAM-HILL, S.W.—A lady has vacancy in her private house for two gentlemen as Paying Guests; well furnished, and excellent cooking; convenient for trains and trams to City and West End.—Apply, by letter, to 1018 "Daily Mirror," 12, Whitehall-st., E.C.

HORSES, VEHICLES, ETC.

5,000 Pairs Wheels in Stock for Carriages, Vans, Traps, Carts, etc.; very cheap line for truck work; list free.—Tyrer Works, 41, New Kent-st., London.

NEW DRESSES IN ANTICIPATION OF LENGTHENING DAYS.

THE APPROACH OF SPRING.

HINTS FOR MAKING BECOMING AND CHARMING BLOUSES.

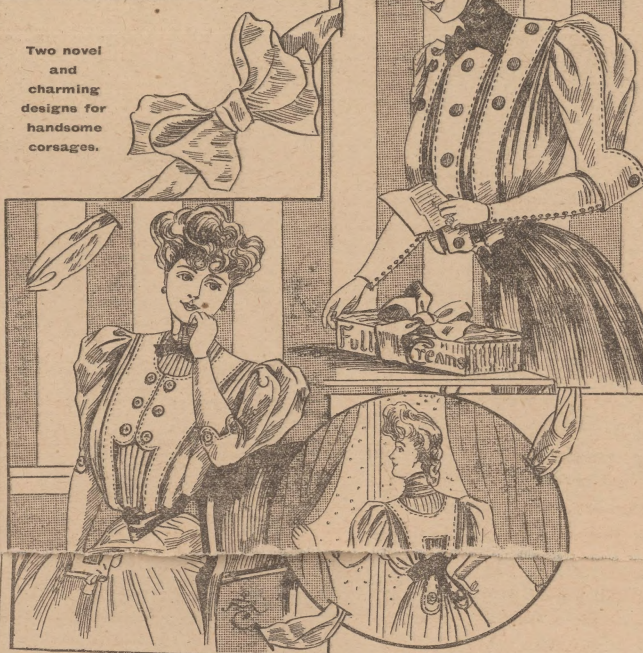
Triumphantly braving all storms and rising upon the crest of the waves, the blouse enters at the outset of the spring season upon another career of utility and popularity.

We see it in the picture on this page in two very novel forms. On the right is shown a plastron model which would look well carried out in cloth as the accompaniment of a skirt to match or in silk, linen, or delaine, to contrast with the skirt, though of the same colour or in white. It is trimmed, as will be seen, with buttons, which appear upon each of the broad pleats in front, and upon the closely-fitting cuffs that complete the sleeves. A high stock of black satin is worn round the throat, tied in front in a neat bow.

The seated lady wears a becoming Blouse, a charming idea for the mixture of two materials like cloth and silk or velvet. Here is a notion to recollect when a cloth dress requires trimming upon the corsage, for that end is easily gained by making the buttoned fronts of the model of either velvet or silk. In a medallion is shown a back view of the shirt.

The blouses that appertain to the winter and those that follow for the spring and summer are much

Two novel and charming designs for handsome corsages.



alike in these days, for all through the winter blouses of crepe de Chine, lawn, net, and lace, are worn with thick coats and tailor-made cloth skirts. Silk models have been less in favour than crepe ones, and satin and brocade have all to find their pinnacle of popularity in the coming by and by, lavishly trimmed with lace or hand embroidery.

Baby Irish lace, whether real or a fine imitation, has had a great vogue, and Cluny has been almost as successful. That dainty lace Valenciennes usually enters into a scheme, and very often in the form of motifs with tucked chiffon or mousseline is also used for the trimming. On net and other fine blouses heavy Irish crochet usually appears, though other heavy laces and embroidered appliques are also employed. The heavy lace takes the form of a bolero, running flatly round the shoulders and down in points, and the shallow guimpe is fine and transparent.

Elbow sleeves appear upon nine-tenths of the dressy blouses, and they frequently end in a close-fitting band or little frills, while many women specially order a continuation of lace to be given them, that fits the arm closely and acts like a long, tight cuff.

Only a certain amount of blouse effect is allowed to the modish blouse, but a comfortable looseness must be preserved above the belt. The folded belt of silk or satin, or of gold or silver tissue, is as popular as ever, and belts of lace, deep, pointed, and perfectly fitting appear upon some of the fine blouses, the lace matching that used elsewhere on

the blouse. In such a case the belt is, of course, first carefully fitted, boned, and made of thin silk, and the lace is appliqued on, and shaped as one shape a lace guimpe and collar. Blouses made so far as the body part and short sleeves are concerned entirely of three-inch frills of good Valenciennes, and with a yoke and collar of heavier lace and mousseline or chiffon, are always pretty and becoming, and give a maximum of effect with a minimum of labour.

IMPORTANT ODDS AND ENDS.

FASHION'S LATEST QUEST FOR PRETTY POSSESSIONS.

Gold card-cases are now the fashion, and are so planned that they have places for small coins, as well as cards in them. Some are quite plain, and others are set with tiny jewels, dotted here and there, or in a device shaped to ornament the centre of each corner.

Flower-pins to fix the hat on and adorn the lace jabot should match the costume in colour. There is much diversity of shade in the enamelled orchids,

Miss Slimming of Braintree has been Cured

Indigestion driven away—Nausea and distress removed—Appetite comes back—Interesting story from a woman who knows.

This is addressed to men and women who suffer from that curse of modern life—indigestion. It is a word from a woman who knows, telling how Iron-Ox Tonic Tablets completely cured her of nausea, pain, distress, and biliousness. If you know the suffering that indigestion can cause, if you are distressed and weakened by that terrible pain, that fearful nausea, that distressing flatulency



MISS J. R. SLIMMING.

—if you are afraid to eat because of the agony which will follow—if you are worn down, nervous, irritable, and depressed, then you will read this letter with absorbing interest because it is really intended for you.

Sandhills, Wethersfield, Braintree.

I have great pleasure in writing to tell you how much good I have derived since I first took your Iron-Ox Tablets. I think they are a marvellous cure for indigestion. They have completely cured me of that distressing ailment, and if people who are afflicted as I was would only try your Iron-Ox Tonic Tablets I believe that they would cure them, too, and they would find that eating was a pleasure instead of a pain. I really cannot speak too highly of your Tablets, and I shall certainly advise all my friends who suffer with indigestion to use them.

(Signed) Miss J. R. SLIMMING.

Now, Miss Slimming was cured of Indigestion by Iron-Ox Tonic Tablets because this wonderful remedy helped Nature to help herself. It promoted a proper flow of the gastric juices, caused the food to digest naturally, and brought about a cure because it removed the cause. Without straining or forcing, but simply by safe natural means, Iron-Ox Tablets cured Miss Slimming—yes, and have cured thousands of others, and they can cure you, too. Iron-Ox Tablets strengthen every organ. They are gently laxative, purifying the blood and circulating the system, bringing natural sleep.

Please understand that the remedy is in your own hands. All you have to do is simply to go to the nearest chemist shop and ask for a box of 50 Iron-Ox Tonic Tablets. These will cost you 1s. Then begin to take the tablets. You will find the nausea and distress disappear. You will find that you digest your food without pain, and if you will only keep up the treatment and give Iron-Ox Tonic Tablets a fair opportunity to help you it will not be long before the indigestion will have entirely disappeared. Then there will be no more nausea, no more pain, no more annoyance, no more weakness, because you will be really well.

A Dainty Aluminium Pocket Packet of 50 Tablets for 1s. (Our 4s. size contains 250 tablets; it is the more economical, because it gives you five times as many tablets as you get for one shilling.) If your chemist has not got them, they will be sent post free (on receipt of price) by the Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.

Hinde's

Circumstances alter cases,
Hinde's Wavers alter faces.

real hair
savers.

Wavers

Chilblains.

The only real preventive and cure of chilblains is **ICILMA NATURAL WATER**. It stimulates the skin circulation and removes the congestion from the pores. ICILMA Natural Water Soap, too, should be used exclusively by all whose blood is imperfect.—ICILMA CO., Ltd., 145, Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.

ENGLAND'S RUGBY TEAM AGAINST IRELAND.

(Continued from page 14.)

saving work to do, and I would play Imrie, of Durham, in his place. Shewring and Hudson should, I think, be chosen again. Owing to Raphael's eccentricities, they did not have a fair chance of doing themselves justice. Shewring was clearly put out by Raphael, but he should be quite at home with a speed player like Cooper.

Of the halves only Jago should be retained. I thought he worked the scrummages against Wales very cleanly and neatly. He made one slip that had fatal results, but he did much good work. Gent is not suitable as the stand-away half. Besides, it would be absurd to play two such diminutive halves against the Irish forwards. I would suggest that Grogan, of Gloucestershire, be given the post. He is a much bigger man, quick, and knows the game. One always associates Oughtred with that unhappy penalty goal that cost us the match with Wales at Blackheath four years ago, but some good judges hold the view that he was not so very much to blame on that occasion.

However, we must have another half, and as far as I can see he must come from the North. Possibly there may be a better one up there than Oughtred, and in that case he should be picked; or, better still, two halves if one of the Northern counties possesses a really decent pair. If not, Jago should be retained as the scrummage-maker. Of course, there is no need to look further than Jackett for our full-back.

It is an open secret that the Welsh committee were not at all satisfied with the play of their backs against England, and they could not make up their minds last week whether to play eight or seven backs against Scotland. Bush is in disfavour on the ground that he kicked too often instead of setting the three-quarters on the middle and the usefulness of Cliff Pritchard as an extra back is in doubt. The latter was all right when spoiling Gallaher, but he had no one in particular to spoil in the England match. He certainly wandered around in a rather aimless way, and I detected him several times standing offside.

The New Zealand formation is to be tried again in the Glamorgan-Somerset match, but unless some striking form is shown I fancy Wales will revert to seven backs, especially as Scotland are playing that number. They could hardly hope to hold Scotland's forwards with only seven scrummagers. They could not do so last year with eight.

GOLF IN MEXICO.

British Players Beaten in the Amateur and Professional Tournament.

MEXICO CITY, Monday.—The four professionals from Great Britain won in this country and took part in the third of the more important events in connection with the Mexican open golf championship meeting. Play consisted of a best-ball foursome competition by strokes, and each couple comprised an amateur and a professional. The tournament was over 39 holes.

Willie Smith, the old Larne amateur player who was at one time professional to the Camblusing Club (Glasgow), and who has recently been attached to the Mexico Country Club, maintained the fine form which enabled him to win the championship on the same course last Saturday.

He was coupled with Mr. A. G. Lockwood, an old Oxonian. Mr. Lockwood played well, but Smith was chiefly responsible for the fine score of 145 with which the couple gained good prize. Their rivals were Mr. and Mrs. M. Lockwood belongs to the Alliston Club (Mass.).

Alexander Campbell, of Boston, and Mr. Frank Lewis were second with 71 and 149. They came two of the couples in which figured British professionals. Alexander Herd, of Huddersfield, and Mr. J. L. Wilkinson recorded 77 and 150, and Rowland Jones, of Wimbledon Park, and Mr. M. McLean returned 75 and 150.

The next best score of 152 was handed in by few fewer than five couples, including Percy Barrett, the Canadian crack, and Mr. G. A. Adams; Ben Nichols (a native of Deal, Kent, and now of New York) and Mr. A. C. Scales; and Fred McLeod (formerly of Bars Rock, North Berwick) and Mr. Paul Hudson.

Andrew Kirkaldy, of St. Andrews, and Jack White, of Sunningdale, were again off colour. Kirkaldy and Mr. Charles Cummings recorded 78 and 152, and White and Mr. L. P. Gallagher, with 74 and 150—154, and Rowland Jones, of Wimbledon Park, and Mr. M. McLean returned 75 and 150.

HARRY VARDON BREAKS RECORD.
Harry Vardon, four times winner of the open championship, who went to Le Touquet, near Boulogne, last week, with the intention of staying there for three months for the benefit of his health, has already shown signs of a return to form.

Playing with Trerost, the home professional, he went round the Le Touquet links in 72 strokes—a record. The previous best was 73, by Mr. Horace Hutchinson.

BOATRACE PRACTICE.

The Cambridge crew paddled to Baitlake Locks yesterday afternoon, and, after returning to the Fife and Edd again pulled back as far as Ditton. Then they rowed home without an easy. Mr. Ecombe coached, and the order of rowing was:—

The Oxonians went to Illey twice in frosty weather yesterday afternoon. Mr. Bourne coached, and the order of rowing remained unaltered.

Six two-year-olds belonging to Mr. J. C. Sullivan have been dispatched from the Curragh to Heddington, where they will be prepared for future engagements.

Gray's and St. Bartholomew's Hospitals were to have decided their Rugby Cup tie at Richmond yesterday, but the hard state of the ground prevented the match being played.

DAILY BARGAINS.

Articles for Disposal.

FURNITURE.—Second-hand, equal to new; property of late Captain D.; removed from South Kensington; to be cleared without reserve.—The entire dining-room, which is of solid carved oak, Jacobean design, will be sold for 25s., or separately as follows:—The magnificent suite, upholstered in crimson leather of exquisite quality, 49 15s.; large sideboard, design rarely seen, 47 15s.; extending dining-room table, 44s.; overmantel on suite, 42 15s. 6d.; cabinet oak receptacle, 37s. 6d.; iron and copper fender suite, 21s. The contents of best drawing-room are as follows:—Six Chesterfield sofas, elegant Chippendale solid mahogany frames, 142s.; lofty Louis XIV. Chippendale cabinet, 72s.; 2 fancy tables to match, 10s. 6d. each; overmantel on suite, 35s., etc., etc. The smaller drawing-room will be sold as follows:—Suite, upholstered in silk, 42 15s. 6d.; cabinet, 41s.; wide, 45 7s. 6d.; brass fender and implements, 15s.; fancy table, 7s. 6d.; overmantel on suite, 21s. Morning-room furniture comprises: saddlebag suite, 45 10s.; lofty walnut overmantel to match, 19s. 6d.; extending dining-table, 20s.; large bordered Brussels carpet, 18s. 6d., etc. The bedroom furniture is too numerous to describe; 6ft. Gin. Sheraton suite, 25s.; 5ft. ditto, 17s.; double solid walnut suite, 43 15s.; smaller walnut suite, 45s.; and decorated suite, 22 5s.; brass twin bedstead, 24 15s.; Sheraton twin bedstead, 22s.; fulling all-brass bedstead, 22s. 6d. and black and brass ditto from 12s. 6d. There is also the other contents of houses: 2 fine pianos, one 11s., and the other 18s.; also collection of bronzes, plate, linen, pictures, coach-house and garden utensils. Goods selected can remain stored free for 12 months.—Siegenberg's Furnishing Stores and Depository, 272 and 274, Pentonville-road, King's Cross, London, right facing King's Cross Station (Met. Railway), most central position in London. On view 9 till 9; Thursday 9 till 5. Goods packed and sent carriage paid on any rail.

PICTURE Postcards.—50 beautifully-coloured Views; actresses, comical, jewelled cards; latest novelties, for 1s. 6d.; 100, 2s. 6d.; post free.—Hills Bros., Osborne-road, Forest Gate, London.

RACE or Field Glasses; genuine pair; 10 lenses; in case complete, 11s. 6d.; approval.—B. & G. Grafton-st., Clapham.

SOLID silver-plated Spoons and Forks. All quality; presentation service, comprising 6 each 150 pieces! 15s. 6d.; approval.—Lody, 55, Handforth-st., S.W.

WATCHES, Watches.—Delivered on receipt of 2s. 6d. balance 1s. weekly; ladies' or gent's; use in massive Government hall-marked silver cases; lever movements of the highest quality, at factory prices; guaranteed for 10 years; rings and general jewellery on easiest of easy terms; illustrations post free.—Write Dept. 444, A. Thomas, 217 and 218, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

25 Postcards, elegant designs, beautifully coloured, 1s. 2d.—Stationer, 28, Hertford-st., Halloway.

30 Paris Postcards, kind desired, 1s. 7d. (stamp)—Art. Paris, Rue Thiers 10.

40 Pictorial French Postcards, assorted, post free, 1s. 2d.—Stationer, 4, Grafton-st., Clapham.

50 latest Picture Postcards, post free, 1s. 3d.; assorted.—Froud, 17, Pickering-st., Westbourne Grove, London, W.

Wanted to Purchase.
CARPETS—OFF Clothes, linen, boots, odds and ends, jewellery old artificial teeth, etc., for parcels sent without value; omitted same day—Mr. and Mrs. Minter, 11, Bishop's rd. W.

EXTRA Pin Money.—Send your old gold, jewellery, silverware, plate, and other such valuables, to Chas. W. Davis, Riverside, Wrotham, Norwich; cash by return or offer sent if not accepted goods immediately returned.—Bankers, Barclays.

BIRTHS.

BINGHAM.—On January 14, at 32, Ellery-street, Fulham, S.W., the wife of Thomas J. Bingham, of a son.

CLARK.—On the 20th inst., at Hammersley, Royton Park, Huddersfield, the wife of J. G. Clark, of a daughter.

FIGGIS.—On January 18, at Parkfield, Mill Hill, the wife of H. Ernest Figgis, of a son.

HAMMOND.—On the 18th inst., at Rothfield, Robin Hood-road, Brentwood, to Ernest and Lily Hammond—a son.

HUTCHINSON.—On January 20, at Whitgate, Rebbington, Cheshire, the wife of W. Hutchinson, of a son.

LEWES.—On the 20th inst., at 1a, Portland-road, Holland Park-square, W., the wife of Captain Price K. Lewes, R.G.A., of a daughter.

MAINWARING.—At 15, Basil-street, S.W., the wife of Anthony Randall Kyrle Mainwaring, of a son.

RICHARDSON.—On the 17th inst., at 6, Westbury-road, Brentwood, Essex, the wife of Chas. J. Richardson, of a son.

SCOOTERS.—On January 19, at Benclohy, Helsenburgh, the wife of G. Scooters, Rangoon, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

COPPEN—FITZGERALD.—On the 22nd inst., at St. Mary Magdalene, Paddington, by the Rev. H. J. T. Bennett, M.A., John Maurice Coppenhall, only son of John Maurice Coppen, of Fulham, Acon, and 3, Sussex-square, Brighton, to Mary Susan Beresford, eldest daughter of Gerald Beresford FitzGerald, of Wynnstay, Kensington.

HOOPER—FRANKLAND.—On the 20th inst., at All Saints Church, Margaret-street, by the Rev. Canon W. B. Grenville, Vicar of Melling, Lancashire, assisted by the Rev. E. Frith, Curate of All Saints, Richard Grenville Hooper, D.S.O., Captain 21st Emperor of India's Lancashire, son of the late Richard Brinsley Hooper, Esq., to Ellen Doreen Elizabeth Frankland, late wife of Edward Frankland, K.C.B., F.R.S., and of the late Lady Frankland, Arford House, Headley, Hampshire.

PANK—BIGGS.—On the 17th inst., at Croftland Abbey, Lincolnshire, by the Rev. T. H. Le Beuf, assisted by the Rev. W. H. Frith, Hubert Edward Waller, youngest son of J. L. Pank, Esq., J.P., of New Barnet, to Elizabeth Mary Ashby, daughter of T. Buckworth, Esq., of Croftland, Lincolnshire.

STAVENHAGEN—WILLMOTT.—On January 17, at St. John's Church, Leytonstone, Paul Henry Stavenhagen, German, of the late H. Willmott, Esq., of Otage, New Zealand, and Madeline Willmott, of Normantun College, Leytonstone.

DEATHS.

CAMERON.—On January 21, at 46, Oslen-gardens, Muswell-hill, N., Julia, wife of James Cameron, F.I.C., (late of the Government Laboratory), aged 55 years.

EIGER.—On the 20th inst., at 4, Goring-street, E.C., David Henry Eiger, of the Stock Exchange, aged 60.

GILCHRIST.—On the 21st inst., at 51, Woburn-place, W.C., Archibald Gilchrist, Director of Gilchrist and Powell, Ltd., Johannesburg, South Africa, aged 60 years.

GRUZELER.—On January 21, at New Cottage, Horsesham, Sussex, beloved wife of Francis Gruzeler, aged 73 years, daughter of the late Mrs. Gruzeler, formerly of 66, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, in her 87th year.

JARRETT.—On the 15th inst., at Hutton House, Westgate-on-Sea, William Joseph Jarrett, formerly of 66, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, in his 87th year.

KIBBLE.—On the 21st inst., at View Lodge, Dartmouth-hill, S.E., Charles Kibble Kibble, aged 79 years.

POWELL.—On January 20, at 1, Whitehall-place, Hornsey, lane, Emily, second daughter of the late Thomas Powell, of Woodberry Down, Stoke Newington, in her 83rd year.

STEPHENSON.—On the 22nd inst., at Hill Cottage, Taplow, Benjamin Charles Stephenson, 133, Oxford-st., of the late Sir William Stephenson, K.C.B., in his 67th year.

VON DER MEYEN.—On the 20th inst., at 88, Marine-parade, Brighton, Otto von der Meyen, formerly partner in the firm of T. Henry Schroder and Co., 145, Leaden-hall-street, London, aged 79 years.

A Beautiful Ornament :

Your Portrait charmingly finished in life-like colours, giving a highly polished effect, and being as near an approach as possible to ivory

MINIATURES

4/11 4/11

EXACT SIZE.

4/11 4/11
1 postage 2d. extra. Send photo (which is returned un-injured) with colour of Postage 2d. extra. Injured, Complexion 2d. extra. Dress 10/-

MINIATURE CO.,
Dept. C, 130, York-rd., London, N.

69 to 77, JUDD STREET, KING'S CROSS, LONDON.

Judd Street is close to ALL the King's Cross Railway Stations. Business Hours 9 to 8; Saturdays till 6. Thursdays we do NOT close early.

FURNISHING CO.,

ON EASY TERMS.

| | WORTH. | PER MONTH |
|----------|----------------------|-----------|
| TERMS. | £10 6 0 | |
| | £20 11 0 | |
| TOWN | £40 15 0 | |
| | £50 18 0 | |
| or | £100 25 0 | |
| COUNTRY. | £200 40 0 | |
| | £500 115 0 | |

Any amount pro rata.

NO EXTRA CHARGES. NO ADDED INTEREST.

CARRIAGE PAID.

ALL GOODS PRICED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

COUNTRY ORDERS CARRIAGE PAID.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

CARPETS AND LINOS LAID FREE.

WE CONDUCT OUR BUSINESS WITHOUT PUBLICITY.

"1906" Guide and Catalogue Free on mentioning the "Daily Mirror."

NO DEPOSIT REQUIRED

LIGHTNING Firebricks: lightest, quickest, burn longest; wonderful cheap! 10. packets; all dealers—Gills, Heck, and White.

EMANUEL'S sterling value: over 40 years' reputation; Pawnbrokers Bankruptcy Association; list, free. MAGNIFICENT Set of Furniture, 10s. 6d.; rich, finest quality dark blue hair felt, long Stole, with six tails and Muff; unused; approval.

HANDSOME real Sable hair long Stole; 7s. 6d.; approval. FINEST quality white Foxglove long Stole and Pouch Muff; reduced 15s. 6d.; great bargain; approval.

EXCELSIOR! handsome lady's long Chain, 18-carat gold stamped relief, handsome pattern. 6s. 6d.; heavier 6s. 6d.; approval.

CURB chain padlock Bracelet, 18-carat gold stamped relief, in case, 6s.; another, set with pearls and turquoise, 12s. 6d.; approval.

SHEFFIELD Table Cutlery Service: 12 table, 12 cliche knives, carvers, and stools; Grayford ivory secure handles; 10s.; unaltered; approval.

ELEGANT Set of silver hall-marked Sheffield Table Cutlery, 12 table, 12 dessert carvers, and steel, 25s. 6d.; approval.

FINE Knives and Forks: handsome case; 6 pairs; massively silver hall-marked mounted ivory handles; 14s. 6d. case fish carvers, 5s. 6d.; approval.

SOLID Silver-plated handsomely-engraved round Water: 5s. 6d.

PLATED Dish Covers, set of five; sizes 10 to 18in., with detachable handles; finest quality nickel silver-plated; 27s. 6d.; listed 42 15s.; approval.

IRISH Table Linen (guaranteed), bankruptcy stock; unprecedentedly low, 2 yds. dish doilies, lot 25s. 6d.; half-quality 13s.; approval.

ANUEL, 31, Clapham-rd., London.

PATCHWORK.—Lovely Silk, Velvets, 1s. large parcel.—Madame Rome, 176, Ransden-rd., S.W.

OLD Artificial Teeth bought; all should call or forward by post; full value per return or offer made.—Messrs. M. Browning, Manufacturing Dentists, 133, Oxford-st. (opposite Berners-st., London established 100 years).

OLD Artificial Teeth Bought.—Dr. Paget pays the highest price; call or post; immediate cash—219 Oxford-st., London. Firm established 150 years.

LAND, HOUSES, ETC., FOR SALE.

FREE to Renters.—The current number of an illustrated Magazine will be sent post free on application to those who want to know how to make the most of their houses.—Write, mentioning "Daily Mirror" to the Editor, "Home," 2, Brushfield-st., London, E.C.

HIPPOD.—25 down, balance as rent (10s. per week) will purchase charming modern villa, 18ft. frontage, parlour, kitchen, scullery, bath, and 3 bedrooms; all modern; close to public park.—Full particulars and photo sent on application. Apply Builder, 224, Mortlake-rd., Hford.

THIRTEEN small and large tenement houses and a small run down will purchase semi-detached, seven-roomed villa; certified modern drainage; decorations unused; seen any time.—55, Woodside-rd., Bowes Park, N.

HOUSES, OFFICES, ETC., TO LET.

"My Own House."—If the house you occupy does not belong to you write and ask for copy of "My Own House"; it will interest you and cost nothing.—Address Department G, 2, Bishopsgate-street Without London. Mention "Daily Mirror."

SOUTH Coast.—Furnished House, 8 rooms, pleasantly situated in attractive road; 250 to 250, inclusive.—Apply to Caretaker, Weymouth-court, 1, Weymouth-st., Portland, P.

FLATS TO LET.

FASHIONABLE Flats.—One or two flats to let; superior residential, in unique position; marble hall; every possible modern convenience; central heating; electric panels; electric automatic lift, requiring no attendant; two sitting-rooms and five other rooms; liveried porter in attendance; rent 250 to 250, inclusive.—Apply to Caretaker, Weymouth-court, 1, Weymouth-st., Portland, P.

THE REAL HOME RULE QUESTION!

A WORKING
MAN'S HOME
FURNISHED

FOR
£10

COUNTRY
ORDERS
DELIVERED
AND
PACKED FREE.

Send for
Catalogue.

FREE LIFE INSURANCE.
FREE FIRE INSURANCE.
FREE LUNCHEONS
PROVIDED.
FREE BROUGHAMS.

To convey you to and
from our Showrooms.



| Worth | Per Month |
|-------|-----------|
| £10 | £0 6 0 |
| 20 | 0 11 0 |
| 30 | 0 17 0 |
| 40 | 1 5 0 |
| 50 | 1 8 0 |
| 100 | 2 8 0 |
| 200 | 4 0 0 |
| 500 | 11 5 0 |

THE HACKNEY FURNISHING CO., LTD.

1, 2, 3, 4, TOWN HALL BUILDINGS, MARE STREET, HACKNEY, LONDON; 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, THE GROVE (ADJOINING).

THE HACKNEY
FURNISHING CO.,
LIMITED.

4, 2, 3, 4, Town Hall Buildings, Mare-st.,
Hackney, London;
18, 19, 20, 21, 22, The Grove (adjoining).

YOU WANT PROTECTION
against small firms of one or two years' standing
trying to copy our methods of business by a
system of dishonesty, thus deceiving the public
by informing them that they are in some way
connected with us.

CAUTION.—Beware of firms
who cannot produce
the articles advertised by
them, and try to depart
from their firms.
All goods advertised
in this advertisement
can be bought at the
price quoted. Several
other firms do not
sell their goods at
the price advertised.



Is Weekly. Is Weekly.

6-piece Suite: Large Couch, 2 Easy
Chairs, and 6 Small Chairs.
25 5s. Od. or 1s. Weekly.

Be careful that the firms you do
business with do not overcharge you,
or add interest because you are taking
credit.

DAILY BARGAINS.

Dress.
A.A.—Suits, 34s.; Overcoats, 30s.; 4s. monthly.—Wittam,
251, Old-st. E.C.

A.—Free daily sample Handkerchief, with illustrated list;
send stamp.—British Linen Co., Oxford-st., London.

A1.—High-class tailoring on improved system, 10s. monthly.
—A. Barwell, 415, Strand (opposite Tivoli).

A.—9s. PARCEL.—UNDERLINEN.—Eight, ladies' chemises,
knickers, petticoats, 3 beautiful nightdresses, 10s. 6d.;
approval.—Mrs. Scott, 251, Upper-st. E.C.

A Bonn to all.—Fashionable Suits and Overcoats, 10s.
monthly.—Smith and Adams, 28, Ludgate-hill, E.C.

A Pair of Corsets: cuts flat; booklet free.—Lee Ped,
76, Leadenhall-st.

BABYS COMPLETE OUTFIT, 6s. 6d. articles, 21s. exclusively
made. Botes, 44, Upper-st. E.C.

BARGAIN! 10s. 6d.; 3 chemises, 3 knickers, 2 petticoats,
3 nightdresses, 10s. 6d.—Eva, 89, Union-st., Clapham.

BEATFUL Remnants "T. Is. 2d. parcels, damasks, muslins,
lace; sample lace, 2d.—Batal, Rushden.

BEAUTIFUL Baby Long Gowns: sets of 50 articles, 21s.;
a bargain of loveliness; approval.—Mrs. Max, 16, The
Cage, Nottingham.

BEAUTIFUL Set Fur—Rich dark sable brown, six feet
long, Duchesse Stole, deep shape collar, satin-lined, with
six tails; large Muff to match; never worn; sacrifice,
10s. 6d.; approval before payment.—E. B., 284, Brixton-
road, London.

BOOTS on Credit.—Ladies' 6s. Gent's 10s. 6d.; Over-
coats, 21s.; good Business Suits, 27s. 6d.; Tailor-made
Costumes, 25s.; Jackets, 18s.; Waterproofs and
Draps delivered on small deposit; patterns and Ameri-
can self-measurement forms post free; easiest terms
and quickest delivery.—Write Dept. N, A. Thomas, 317
and 318, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

ELEGANT new seakink Jacket; sacrifice, £7; must sell;
approval.—Maiden, 6, Grafton-sq., Clapham.

FEW Days More.—Marvellous value given; Skirts 6s. 6d.,
Costume 21s.; made to measure choice patterns free (un-
returnable).—Address Rawling, Ladies Tailors, Dept. A,
Ratford, Notts.

FUR.—Elegant long sable hair stole, only 7s. 6d.; ditto,
with cape shoulders, 8s. 6d.; approval.—Nina, 57, Bal-
ham-hill, Surrey.

FURS.—Elegant white Thibet 7ft. long, 12s. 6d.;
approval.—Tempest, 507, Wandsworth-rd.

FURS.—Rich dark sable brown, six feet long, Duchesse
Stole, satin-lined, with six tails; large Muff to match;
never worn; sacrifice, 10s. 6d.; approval before payment.
—O. D., Central House, Denmark-hill, London.

GENUINE Irish linen hemmed buckram Towels, 6s. 6d.
dozen; pillow cases, 12s. 9d. dozen; white lace curtains,
2s. 11d. pair; sale ends 31st; Samples Free; send post-
card.—Hutton's, 81, Larne, Ireland.

GRATIS to every lady, "Hosiery," the "Perfect" Ban-
dage Towel, with giraffe fit at any waist, free by post.
—The Hosiery Co., Nottingham.

LACE.—Stocking sale; our 1s. assorted parcels are won-
derful value.—Lace Dept., 19, Cambridge-st., Leicester.

LADIES, only 2s. 6d. need be sent with your order for Cos-
tumes from 21s.; Jackets General Draps, Boots, Water-
proofs, etc.; perfect fit guaranteed; balance is weekly;
easiest terms and quickest delivery; patterns and self-
measurement card post free.—Write Dept. 233, A. Thomas,
317 and 318, Upper-st., Islington, N.

LEGGINGS.—Smart military officer's appearance; just
passed out of service for other patterns; very strong;
laced up side; will send a pair, post free, for 18 stamps.
—From H. J. Gasson, Government Contractor, Rye.

ONE Shilling Weekly.—Clothing to measure below shop-
keepers' prices; Overcoats from 21s.; good business Suits
from 27s. 6d.; ladies' Jackets, Boots, Mantles, and tailor-
made Costumes from 25s.; Waterproofs from 17s. 6d.;
delivered on small deposit; perfect fit guaranteed; pat-
terns and new American self-measurement forms post
free; easiest terms and quickest delivery.—Write Dept. 70,
A. Thomas, 317 and 318, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

OVERCOATS from 21s., suits from 27s. 6d., delivered on
small deposit; balance 1s. weekly; boys' jackets, jackets,
mantles, and tailor-made costumes from 25s.; water-
proofs, etc.; perfect fit guaranteed; patterns and new
American self-measurement forms post free; easiest terms
and quickest delivery.—Write Dept. 118, A. Thomas,
317 and 318, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

STOCKTAKING SALE.—Dress lengths from 6s. 9d.; 3 yard
Bleu lengths from 1s.; patterns free.—Manchester Ware-
house Co.

TROUSSEAU (not required). Nightdresses, Chemises, etc.;
23s.; weekly payments.—M. 21, Queen-sq., Leeds.

UP among Donegal's wildest mountains world's best hand-
made pure wool hosiery are made by the peasantry.
—The Hosiery Association, Dundee, who are promoting this
wonderful industry, send samples free.

2s. 6d. Down will secure you fashionable Overcoat or Suit
to measure.—Scott and Co., Smart Style Credit Tailors,
64, Chapside, and 266, Edgware-rd.

Articles for Disposal.

PAWNBROKERS' CLEARANCE SALE.—Full List Post
Free on Application.

GENT'S 18-carat gold-case Chronograph Stop Watch,
jewelled, perfect timekeeper, 10 years' warranty; also 18-
carat gold (stamped) filled double curb Albert, seal at-
tached, guaranteed 15 years' wear; 3 together, sacrifice,
10s. 6d.; approval before payment.

LADY'S 18-carat gold-case Keyless Watch, jewelled, exact
timekeeper, 10 years' warranty; also long Watch Guard
18-carat gold (stamped) filled elegant design; guaranteed
15 years' wear; two together, sacrifice, 10s. 6d.; approval
before payment.

MAGNIFICENT Set of Furs, rich dark sable brown, 6ft.
long, Duchesse Stole, satin-lined; deep shaped collar,
with tails, and large Muff to match; never worn; sacrifice,
10s. 6d.; approval before payment.

SHEFFIELD Table Cutlery, 12 table, 12 dessert knives,
carvers and steel; Crayford ivory balanced handles; un-
solved; 10s. 6d.; approval.

ELEGANT White Silver-plated long Duchess Fur Stole, with
fox heads and bushy tails; handsome Muff to match;
approval before payment.

CURB Chain Padlock Bracelet, 18-carat gold (stamped)
filled, in velvet case, 6s. 6d.; another, heavier quality
filled, in velvet case, 8s. 6d.; approval before payment.

HANDSOME long Neck Chain, 18-carat gold (stamped)
filled, choice design; velvet case; sacrifice 6s. 6d.; another,
heavier, extra long, 8s. 6d.; approval before payment.

LADY'S Diamond Heart Locket, takes two photos, real dia-
mond in centre; necklet attached; genuine 18-carat gold
(stamped) filled, in velvet case; sacrifice, 8s. 6d.; ap-
proval before payment.

LADY'S solid gold hall-marked Diamond and Ruby Doublet
Half-hoop Ring, large, lustrous stones; 10s. 6d.; ap-
proval before payment.

MAGNIFICENT Photograph, with aluminium trumpet,
silver action; with six 1s. 6d. records; lot, 16s. 9d.; ap-
proval before payment.

O. DAVIS, Pawnbroker, 28, Denmark-hill, Camberwell,
London.

A.—Art Case Baby's Mail-Card; gondola shape; very hand-
some; sacrifice; owner will sacrifice high-class carriage for
24s. 6d.; carriage post 3 pence; quite new; approval
before payment; photo.—Factor, 90, Brook-rd., Stoke
Newington.

A.—Art Case Baby's Mail-Card.—Lady will sacrifice high-
class carriage elegant design silver-plate fittings; 3
positions; quite new; accept 35s.; carriage paid; approval
before payment; photo.—Write Dept. 162, A. Thomas, 317
and 318, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

ALL Marriages made on easy terms by the use of
our July 22nd, gold wedding rings and solid gold keepers
for our couples; our pair: watches, clocks, cutlery, and
jewellery delivered on small deposit; balance monthly;
illustrations post free.—Write Dept. 162, A. Thomas, 317
and 318, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

ARTISTIC Needlework.—To advertise our celebrated "On-
silk" "Brightest Lustrous Yarn, we send for 3s. penny
stamp beautiful shade card showing 120 lovely colours,
together with samples of the various sizes in which it is
made. "Onsilk" is splendid for embroidery, crochet,
knitting, tatting, smoking, and feather-stitching; stocked
by all fancy drapers and art needlework stores. Sole
proprietors and manufacturers: Tabbs, Hiscocks, and Co.,
Dept. 80, 16-22, Milner-st., E.C.

BLANKETS from mill to customers; solid samples half-
price; several splendid sets, 3s. 6d. each; 2 for 7s. 6d.;
house, Buckingham-st., Strand.

BLANKETS, Quilts, Sheets, Bed-wear, and Drapery of every
description delivered on small deposit; balance 1s. weekly;
price list post free.—Write Dept. 111, A. Thomas, 317 and
318, Upper-st., Islington, London, N.

CALL or Send.—Down Quilt, full size, 7s. 6d. best
satin covering; only 3s. 6d. each; 2 for 7s. 6d.;
carriage paid; 300 must be cleared at once; a great bar-
gain.—Stuart, 25, Milton-st., London, E.C.

CONFECTIONERS' Ovens: coal, coke, or gas; self-clean-
ing; tenants' fixtures; latest designs; illustrated list
free.—Mabbot, Phoenix Iron Works, Manchester.

FURNITURE.—Gentleman must sell his beautiful Draw-
ing-room Suite, 65s. grand Sideboard, 88s.; magnificent
Bedroom Suite, 27 10s.; Brass Bedstead 65s.; handsome
Piano, 211 10s.; 19, Holland-rd., Loughborough-
rd., Britain.

FURNITURE.—Rich Saddle-bag Suite, large handsome Car-
pet, Rug, Table and Vases, only 65 10s., or 2s. 6d.
week; iron-frame Piano, from 210 10s.; Bedroom Suites,
4s. 10s.; 10s.; 12s.; 14s.; 16s.; 18s.; 20s.; 22s.; 24s.; 26s.;
28s.; 30s.; 32s.; 34s.; 36s.; 38s.; 40s.; 42s.; 44s.; 46s.;
48s.; 50s.; 52s.; 54s.; 56s.; 58s.; 60s.; 62s.; 64s.; 66s.;
68s.; 70s.; 72s.; 74s.; 76s.; 78s.; 80s.; 82s.; 84s.; 86s.;
88s.; 90s.; 92s.; 94s.; 96s.; 98s.; 100s.; 102s.; 104s.;
106s.; 108s.; 110s.; 112s.; 114s.; 116s.; 118s.; 120s.;
122s.; 124s.; 126s.; 128s.; 130s.; 132s.; 134s.; 136s.;
138s.; 140s.; 142s.; 144s.; 146s.; 148s.; 150s.; 152s.;
154s.; 156s.; 158s.; 160s.; 162s.; 164s.; 166s.; 168s.;
170s.; 172s.; 174s.; 176s.; 178s.; 180s.; 182s.; 184s.;
186s.; 188s.; 190s.; 192s.; 194s.; 196s.; 198s.; 200s.;
202s.; 204s.; 206s.; 208s.; 210s.; 212s.; 214s.; 216s.;
218s.; 220s.; 222s.; 224s.; 226s.; 228s.; 230s.; 232s.;
234s.; 236s.; 238s.; 240s.; 242s.; 244s.; 246s.; 248s.;
250s.; 252s.; 254s.; 256s.; 258s.; 260s.; 262s.; 264s.;
266s.; 268s.; 270s.; 272s.; 274s.; 276s.; 278s.; 280s.;
282s.; 284s.; 286s.; 288s.; 290s.; 292s.; 294s.; 296s.;
298s.; 300s.; 302s.; 304s.; 306s.; 308s.; 310s.; 312s.;
314s.; 316s.; 318s.; 320s.; 322s.; 324s.; 326s.; 328s.;
330s.; 332s.; 334s.; 336s.; 338s.; 340s.; 342s.; 344s.;
346s.; 348s.; 350s.; 352s.; 354s.; 356s.; 358s.; 360s.;
362s.; 364s.; 366s.; 368s.; 370s.; 372s.; 374s.; 376s.;
378s.; 380s.; 382s.; 384s.; 386s.; 388s.; 390s.; 392s.;
394s.; 396s.; 398s.; 400s.; 402s.; 404s.; 406s.; 408s.;
410s.; 412s.; 414s.; 416s.; 418s.; 420s.; 422s.; 424s.;
426s.; 428s.; 430s.; 432s.; 434s.; 436s.; 438s.; 440s.;
442s.; 444s.; 446s.; 448s.; 450s.; 452s.; 454s.; 456s.;
458s.; 460s.; 462s.; 464s.; 466s.; 468s.; 470s.; 472s.;
474s.; 476s.; 478s.; 480s.; 482s.; 484s.; 486s.; 488s.;
490s.; 492s.; 494s.; 496s.; 498s.; 500s.; 502s.; 504s.;
506s.; 508s.; 510s.; 512s.; 514s.; 516s.; 518s.; 520s.;
522s.; 524s.; 526s.; 528s.; 530s.; 532s.; 534s.; 536s.;
538s.; 540s.; 542s.; 544s.; 546s.; 548s.; 550s.; 552s.;
554s.; 556s.; 558s.; 560s.; 562s.; 564s.; 566s.; 568s.;
570s.; 572s.; 574s.; 576s.; 578s.; 580s.; 582s.; 584s.;
586s.; 588s.; 590s.; 592s.; 594s.; 596s.; 598s.; 600s.;
602s.; 604s.; 606s.; 608s.; 610s.; 612s.; 614s.; 616s.;
618s.; 620s.; 622s.; 624s.; 626s.; 628s.; 630s.; 632s.;
634s.; 636s.; 638s.; 640s.; 642s.; 644s.; 646s.; 648s.;
650s.; 652s.; 654s.; 656s.; 658s.; 660s.; 662s.; 664s.;
666s.; 668s.; 670s.; 672s.; 674s.; 676s.; 678s.; 680s.;
682s.; 684s.; 686s.; 688s.; 690s.; 692s.; 694s.; 696s.;
698s.; 700s.; 702s.; 704s.; 706s.; 708s.; 710s.; 712s.;
714s.; 716s.; 718s.; 720s.; 722s.; 724s.; 726s.; 728s.;
730s.; 732s.; 734s.; 736s.; 738s.; 740s.; 742s.; 744s.;
746s.; 748s.; 750s.; 752s.; 754s.; 756s.; 758s.; 760s.;
762s.; 764s.; 766s.; 768s.; 770s.; 772s.; 774s.; 776s.;
778s.; 780s.; 782s.; 784s.; 786s.; 788s.; 790s.; 792s.;
794s.; 796s.; 798s.; 800s.; 802s.; 804s.; 806s.; 808s.;
810s.; 812s.; 814s.; 816s.; 818s.; 820s.; 822s.; 824s.;
826s.; 828s.; 830s.; 832s.; 834s.; 836s.; 838s.; 840s.;
842s.; 844s.; 846s.; 848s.; 850s.; 852s.; 854s.; 856s.;
858s.; 860s.; 862s.; 864s.; 866s.; 868s.; 870s.; 872s.;
874s.; 876s.; 878s.; 880s.; 882s.; 884s.; 886s.; 888s.;
890s.; 892s.; 894s.; 896s.; 898s.; 900s.; 902s.; 904s.;
906s.; 908s.; 910s.; 912s.; 914s.; 916s.; 918s.; 920s.;
922s.; 924s.; 926s.; 928s.; 930s.; 932s.; 934s.; 936s.;
938s.; 940s.; 942s.; 944s.; 946s.; 948s.; 950s.; 952s.;
954s.; 956s.; 958s.; 960s.; 962s.; 964s.; 966s.; 968s.;
970s.; 972s.; 974s.; 976s.; 978s.; 980s.; 982s.; 984s.;
986s.; 988s.; 990s.; 992s.; 994s.; 996s.; 998s.; 1000s.;
1002s.; 1004s.; 1006s.; 1008s.; 1010s.; 1012s.; 1014s.;
1016s.; 1018s.; 1020s.; 1022s.; 1024s.; 1026s.; 1028s.;
1030s.; 1032s.; 1034s.; 1036s.; 1038s.; 1040s.; 1042s.;
1044s.; 1046s.; 1048s.; 1050s.; 1052s.; 1054s.; 1056s.;
1058s.; 1060s.; 1062s.; 1064s.; 1066s.; 1068s.; 1070s.;
1072s.; 1074s.; 1076s.; 1078s.; 1080s.; 1082s.; 1084s.;
1086s.; 1088s.; 1090s.; 1092s.; 1094s.; 1096s.; 1098s.;
1100s.; 1102s.; 1104s.; 1106s.; 1108s.; 1110s.; 1112s.;
1114s.; 1116s.; 1118s.; 1120s.; 1122s.; 1124s.; 1126s.;
1128s.; 1130s.; 1132s.; 1134s.; 1136s.; 1138s.; 1140s.;
1142s.; 1144s.; 1146s.; 1148s.; 1150s.; 1152s.; 1154s.;
1156s.; 1158s.; 1160s.; 1162s.; 1164s.; 1166s.; 1168s.;
1170s.; 1172s.; 1174s.; 1176s.; 1178s.; 1180s.; 1182s.;
1184s.; 1186s.; 1188s.; 1190s.; 1192s.; 1194s.; 1196s.;
1198s.; 1200s.; 1202s.; 1204s.; 1206s.; 1208s.; 1210s.;
1212s.; 1214s.; 1216s.; 1218s.; 1220s.; 1222s.; 1224s.;
1226s.; 1228s.; 1230s.; 1232s.; 1234s.; 1236s.; 1238s.;
1240s.; 1242s.; 1244s.; 1246s.; 1248s.; 1250s.; 1252s.;
1254s.; 1256s.; 1258s.; 1260s.; 1262s.; 1264s.; 1266s.;
1268s.; 1270s.; 1272s.; 1274s.; 1276s.; 1278s.; 1280s.;
1282s.; 1284s.; 1286s.; 1288s.; 1290s.; 1292s.; 1294s.;
1296s.; 1298s.; 1300s.; 1302s.; 1304s.; 1306s.; 1308s.;
1310s.; 1312s.; 1314s.; 1316s.; 1318s.; 1320s.; 1322s.;
1324s.; 1326s.; 1328s.; 1330s.; 1332s.; 1334s.; 1336s.;
1338s.; 1340s.; 1342s.; 1344s.; 1346s.; 1348s.; 1350s.;
1352s.; 1354s.; 1356s.; 1358s.; 1360s.; 1362s.; 1364s.;
1366s.; 1368s.; 1370s.; 1372s.; 1374s.; 1376s.; 1378s.;
1380s.; 1382s.; 1384s.; 1386s.; 1388s.; 1390s.; 1392s.;
1394s.; 1396s.; 1398s.; 1400s.; 1402s.; 1404s.; 1406s.;
1408s.; 1410s.; 1412s.; 1414s.; 1416s.; 1418s.; 1420s.;
1422s.; 1424s.; 1426s.; 1428s.; 1430s.; 1432s.; 1434s.;
1436s.; 1438s.; 1440s.; 1442s.; 1444s.; 1446s.; 1448s.;
1450s.; 1452s.; 1454s.; 1456s.; 1458s.; 1460s.; 1462s.;
1464s.; 1466s.; 1468s.; 1470s.; 1472s.; 1474s.; 1476s.;
1478s.; 1480s.; 1482s.; 1484s.; 1486s.; 1488s.; 1490s.;
1492s.; 1494s.; 1496s.; 1498s.; 1500s.; 1502s.; 1504s.;
1506s.; 1508s.; 1510s.; 1512s.; 1514s.; 1516s.; 1518s.;
1520s.; 1522s.; 1524s.; 1526s.; 1528s.; 1530s.; 1532s.;
1534s.; 1536s.; 1538s.; 1540s.; 1542s.; 1544s.; 1546s.;
1548s.; 1550s.; 1552s.; 1554s.; 1556s.; 1558s.; 1560s.;
1562s.; 1564s.; 1566s.; 1568s.; 1570s.; 1572s.; 1574s.;
1576s.; 1578s.; 1580s.; 1582s.; 1584s.; 1586s.; 1588s.;
1590s.; 1592s.; 1594s.; 1596s.; 1598s.; 1600s.; 1602s.;
1604s.; 1606s.; 1608s.; 1610s.; 1612s.; 1614s.; 1616s.;
1618s.; 1620s.; 1622s.; 1624s.; 1626s.; 1628s.; 1630s.;
1632s.; 1634s.; 1636s.; 1638s.; 1640s.; 1642s.; 1644s.;
1646s.; 1648s.; 1650s.; 1652s.; 1654s.; 1656s.; 1658s.;
1660s.; 1662s.; 1664s.; 1666s.; 1668s.; 1670s.; 1672s.;
1674s.; 1676s.; 1678s.; 1680s.; 1682s.; 1684s.; 1686s.;
1688s.; 1690s.; 1692s.; 1694s.; 1696s.; 1698s.; 1700s.;
1702s.; 1704s.; 1706s.; 1708s.; 1710s.; 1712s.; 1714s.;
1716s.; 1718s.; 1720s.; 1722s.; 1724s.; 1726s.; 1728s.;
1730s.; 1732s.; 1734s.; 1736s.; 1738s.; 1740s.; 1742s.;
1744s.; 1746s.; 1748s.; 1750s.; 1752s.; 1754s.; 1756s.;
1758s.; 1760s.; 1762s.; 1764